Audited Financial Statements for the year January 1, 2014 to December 31, 2014

Abbey Capital Limited is an Alternative Investment Manager, regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. Abbey Capital Limited is the Commodity Pool Operator of the Abbey Capital Multi-Manager Fund Limited and operates it as an exempt pool pursuant to subsection 4.7 of the Regulations issued pursuant to the Commodity Exchange Act, as amended. Abbey Capital Limited is a member of the National Futures Association ("NFA"), and is registered as an Investment Advisor with the Securities Exchange Commission ("SEC"). None of the regulators listed above endorse, indemnify, or guarantee the member's business practices, selling methods, the class or type of securities offered, or any specific security.

NFA ID: P029597

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A copy of the audited Financial Statements of the ACL Alternative Fund is included with these Financial Statements. The ACL Alternative Fund is a Segregated Account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited, a segregated accounts company incorporated as an open-ended investment company with limited liability under the segregated Account Companies Act 2000 of Bermuda, as amended.

December 31, 2014

Affirmation Statement

Abbey Capital Multi-Manager Fund Limited Victoria Place 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

Affirmation Required by the Commodity Exchange Act, Regulation§4.7(b)(3)(i)

I, Mick Swift, Director of Abbey Capital Limited (Commodity Pool Operator of Abbey Capital Multi-Manager Fund Limited) hereby affirm that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the information contained in this annual report is accurate and complete.

Mick Swift Director,

Abbey Capital Limited February 26, 2015

Directory

Registered Office: Victoria Place, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda

Directors Anthony Gannon

(Non-Executive Director) Nicholas Hoskins

(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Roderick Forrest

(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Listing Sponsor

Harbour Financial Services Limited

Victoria Place 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10

Bermuda

Legal Adviser

Conyers Dill & Pearman Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton

Bermuda

Corporate Secretary & Bermuda Registrar

M.Q. Services Limited Victoria Place 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10

Bermuda

Depositary

BNY Mellon Trust Company (Ireland) Limited

Guild House Guild Street Dublin 1 Ireland **Investment Manager**Abbey Capital Limited
1-2 Cavendish Row

Dublin 1 Ireland

Auditor

KPMG

1 Harbourmaster Place

IFSC Dublin 1 Ireland

Administrator, Registrar & Transfer Agent

BNY Mellon Alternative Investment Services Ltd

48 Par-la-ville Road

Suite 464

Hamilton HM 11

Investment Manager's Report

Legal Structure

The Abbey Capital Multi-Manager Fund Limited (the "Fund") was incorporated in Bermuda on October 4, 2006 as an open-ended investment fund with variable capital and limited liability.

The Fund has created four Share Classes; a USD Share Class A, a USD Share Class B, a USD Share Class C and a USD Share Class D. The Fund offers investors monthly dealing and the NAV for the USD Share Class A is listed on the Bermuda Stock Exchange. The Directors have the power to issue further Share Classes in different currencies in the future.

Share Class in Issue	Launch Date	NAV per share as of December 31, 2014
USD Share Class A	January 2, 2007	\$146.54
USD Share Class B	August 3, 2009	\$120.58
USD Share Class C	October 1, 2010	\$103.96
USD Share Class D	January 3, 2011	\$107.31

The Fund is a feeder fund to the ACL Alternative Fund as it invests substantially all of its assets in the ACL Alternative Fund. The ACL Alternative Fund is a segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited. ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited is a segregated accounts company incorporated as an open-ended investment company with limited liability under the laws of Bermuda.

Investment Objective and Strategy

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek long-term capital appreciation for its shareholders within a rigorous risk management framework. The Fund aims to deliver its Investment Objective by investing in a range of trading strategies through a direct investment in the ACL Alternative Fund (the memorandum for this fund is available on request). The Investment Manager of the Fund is also the Investment Manager of ACL Alternative Fund and is responsible for choosing the Trading Advisors for that fund.

The ACL Alternative Fund allocated in excess of 80% of its assets to 22 Trading Funds as at December 31, 2014*, each Trading Fund being a separate and distinct segregated account established and maintained by the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited. Through its shareholdings in the Trading Funds, the ACL Alternative Fund operates as a multi-advisor fund. The Trading Advisors of the Trading Funds are given a power of attorney to trade on behalf of the respective Trading Fund through a managed account in the Trading Fund's name held with one of the Trading Fund's principal brokers.

Diversification is achieved at both the Trading Advisor strategy and market sector level. The ACL Alternative Fund invests in a range of trading styles applied by the Trading Advisors, including long-term trend following, short-term systematic, value, discretionary macro and specialist FX strategies. Market exposure is broadly diversified with positions in global currency, financial and commodity markets. The Trading Advisors are selected on the basis of a variety of quantitative and qualitative criteria, including:

- long-term positive returns on capital invested
- favorable risk-adjusted performance measures
- favorable correlation of a Trading Advisor's strategy with the strategies of other Trading Advisors in light of the ACL Alternative Fund's investment objective and;

December 31, 2014

Investment Manager's Report (continued)

Investment Objective and Strategy (continued)

proven track record and risk management capability.

Attention is also paid to the correlation between each Trading Advisor's returns and the returns on equities. Ideally Trading Advisors that have displayed a tendency to have a negative correlation with equities when equities are declining are preferred. This has resulted in the ACL Alternative Fund's low long-term correlation with equity markets.

Fund Performance to date

The Abbey Capital Multi-Manager Fund USD Share Class A ("ACMMF USD A") closed 2014 with a gain of +26.6%. ACMMF USD A commenced trading in January 2007 and invests solely in the ACL Alternative Fund USD Share Class A, a segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited. The ACL Alternative Program commenced in 1 December 2000 and was launched as a fund on 3 January 2002. All returns shown are net of fees and include interest.

The ACL Alternative Fund USD Share Class A finished 2014 with a gain of +31.6%. Since inception in December 2000 the ACL Alternative Fund USD Share Class A has returned cumulatively +267.1%, providing an annualised return of +9.7%**.

2014 saw lower correlations across markets, divergences between the major economies and rising volatility, producing a market environment which was very positive for Commodity Trading Advisors ("CTAs") across a range of trading styles. Critically, strong trends in a range of market sectors provided opportunities for the ACL Alternative Fund's Long-term Trendfollowing ("Trendfollowing") managers, who were the primary driver of positive performance. However, each of the ACL Alternative Fund's trading styles contributed positively to performance.

The year started with corrections of trends in January, followed by range bound activity in markets between February and April, producing a difficult environment for the ACL Alternative Fund. From May, opportunities emerged as expectations of stimulus measures from the European Central Bank ("ECB") triggered a strong rally in bonds. Indeed, in contrast to the experience of 2011/2012, government policies appeared to support trends in markets in 2014: the ECB's easing measures supported trends across eurozone bond and interest rate markets through the year; the Bank of Japan's ("BoJ") easing supported trends in Japanese government bonds and the JPY; and the divergence between these central banks and tapering by the Federal Reserve (the "Fed") supported a strong rally in the USD.

Despite rising geopolitical risk from Russia's annexation of Crimea, market volatility dipped to extremely low levels in the first half of the year, as many key markets such as US 10-year notes and G3 currencies experienced unusually tight ranges. However, as is often the case, the narrow ranges and compressed volatility proved to be a precursor to breakouts, first in bonds and then in currencies and commodities. While volatility was not exceptionally high, the fact that it was rising as trends were developing enabled managers to extract large returns from the market moves.

This was the case for the ACL Alternative Fund's Trendfollowing managers in particular, but FX and Global Macro managers also capitalised on the rally in the USD from May. Periodic bouts of volatility were helpful for the ACL Alternative Fund's Short-term Systematic ("Short-term") managers, while Value managers also contributed positively with gains in currencies and commodities.

^{**}The ACL Alternative Fund is a segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited. The ACL Alternative program commenced in December 2000 and was incorporated as a fund in January 2002. Return figures shown are net of fees and include interest. (Pro forma interest from December 2000 to April 2001 actual interest received thereafter).

December 31, 2014

Investment Manager's Report (continued)

Fund Performance to date (continued)

Looking at performance across managers, dispersion in the ACL Alternative Fund was close to the highest experienced since the ACL Alternative Fund's inception. Whereas in 2013 equities provided the strongest trends and managers with higher equity allocations outperformed, in 2014 managers with diverse exposure across all of the asset classes produced the strongest returns. In some cases these were managers who had underperformed in previous years, again highlighting the low level of persistence in managers' relative returns and the need to take a long-term perspective when assessing CTA performance.

The ACL Alternative Fund substantially outperformed the Newedge CTA index and the BTOP 50 index which were up +15.6% and +12.3% respectively in 2014***. The ACL Alternative Fund USD Share Class A has delivered total cumulative returns of +267.1% since inception, versus +106.2% for the S&P 500 Total Return Index, +123.0% for the Newedge CTA Index and +115.8% for the Barclay BTOP 50 Index.

At the portfolio level, we added one Short-term Systematic manager and removed three managers from the ACL Alternative Fund in 2014. Strategy allocations were broadly stable over the year and we maintained our philosophy of holding a core allocation to Trendfollowing at approximately 55% of portfolio risk. We continued to allocate at 21% annualised volatility to managers and this was critical in fully capitalising on market trends when they emerged.

Abbey Capital Limited - Investment Manager

Abbey Capital Limited (Abbey Capital") completed its fourteenth year of track record in 2014. We continued to invest in our infrastructure and develop our business and, through Cavendish Capital Limited, we increased our allocation of proprietary capital to the managed futures industry.

In November, the Fund was awarded the Best Specialist Fund of Hedge Funds over 10 years by Hedge Fund Review for the second year in a row. Earlier in the year the Fund was recognised at the HFMWeek European Hedge Funds Awards as the winner of the Fund of Hedge Funds managed futures (CTA) category. Both awards are recognition for our investment process as well as our performance over the last decade.

In July, Abbey Capital launched the Abbey Capital Futures Strategy Fund, a series of the RBB Fund Inc. (ABYIX), our first liquid alternative mutual fund, designed for US investors. Also in July, Abbey Capital was authorised by the Central Bank of Ireland as an Alternative Investment Fund Manager (AIFM) under Regulation 9 of the European Union (Alternative Investment Fund Managers) Regulations 2013 ("AIFMD"). These developments were important milestones in Abbey Capital's ongoing strategy to provide quality managed futures products for multiple investor groups globally.

As we close off on 2014, we would like to thank all our investors for their continued support. It was understandable to review and to question the merits of managed futures as performance was difficult in recent years. Our own research indicated that there were similar periods in the industry in the past, which were then followed by strong recoveries; we were pleased to see this trend occur again. We remain confident in the outlook for managed futures and its ability to provide returns over the long-term and diversification for investors.

Abbey Capital Limited

January 2015

^{***}None of the funds managed by Abbey Capital are benchmarked against any index.



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Audit
1 Harbourmaster Place
IFSC
Dublin 1
Ireland

To the Shareholders of Abbey Capital Multi Manager Fund:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Abbey Capital Multi Manager Fund ("the Fund"), which comprise the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and the condensed schedule of investments as of December 31, 2014, and the related Statements of Operations, Changes in Net Assets and Financial Highlights for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as of December 31, 2014, and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG

Chartered Accountants 1 Harbourmaster Place

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IFSC

Dublin 1

Ireland

Date: February 26, 2015

December 31, 2014

Statement of Assets & Liabilities

	As at December 31, 2014
Assets	US\$
Investment in ACL Alternative Fund (Note 3) Cash at bank (Note 11) Equalization credits Prepaid investment into ACL Alternative Fund Pending redemption from ACL Alternative Fund (Note 3)	454,289,526 1,001,539 13,780 4,677,000 14,327,000
Total assets	474,308,845
Liabilities	
Sundry payables and accrued expenses (Note 7) Subscriptions received in advance Redemptions payable (Note 2)	791,743 4,722,613 13,798,889
Total liabilities	19,313,245
Net assets	454,995,600
Paid-in capital (Note 6) Distributable earnings	460,301,684 (5,306,084)
Net assets	454,995,600
Shares in issue - USD Share Class A Shares in issue - USD Share Class B Shares in issue - USD Share Class C Shares in issue - USD Share Class D	2,376,420 219,611 299,352 458,067
Net Asset Value per share – USD Share Class A Net Asset Value per share – USD Share Class B Net Asset Value per share – USD Share Class C Net Asset Value per share – USD Share Class D	\$146.54 \$120.58 \$103.96 \$107.31

These Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors and signed on their behalf by:

Dáte: February 26, 2015

December 31, 2014

Statement of Operations

Statement of Operations	For the year January 1 to December 31, 2014 US\$
Investment income	004
Interest income (Note 2)	2,348
Fund expenses	
Administration fees (Note 4) Audit & tax fees (Note 4) Distribution fees (Note 4) Corporate, legal & other fees (Note 4)	45,750 132,331 6,974,458 26,382
Total expenses	7,178,921
Net investment loss	(7,176,573)
Net realized loss on Investments in ACL Alternative Fund (Note 9)	(21,638,023)
Net change in unrealized gain on Investments in ACL Alternative Fund (Note 9)	125,587,094
Net realized loss and change in unrealized gain from investments allocated from ACL Alternative Fund	103,949,071
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	96,772,498

These Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors and signed on their behalf by:

Date: February 26, 2015

Abbey Capital Multi-Manager Fund Limited December 31, 2014 Statement of Changes in Net Assets December 31 2014 US\$ Net increase in net assets resulting from operations Net investment loss for the year (7,176,573)Net realized loss on Investments in ACL Alternative Fund (note 9) (21,638,023) Net change in unrealized gain on Investments in ACL Alternative Fund (note 9) 125,587,094 Increase in net assets as a result of operations 96,772,498 Capital transactions Proceeds on issue of shares 27,928,563 Paid on redemption of shares (138,363,031)Net proceeds from capital transactions (110,434,468) Total decrease in net assets (13,661,970)Net assets: Beginning of the year 468,657,570

454,995,600

End of year

Financial Highlights

The following table includes selected data for the four USD Share Classes outstanding throughout the year and other performance information derived from the Financial Statements. The per share amounts which are shown reflect the income and expenses of the Fund.

	USD Share Class A	USD Share Class B	USD Share Class C	USD Share Class D
Net investment loss * Net realized loss & unrealized gain	(2.28)	(2.02)	(1.64)	(1.82)
on investments	33.06	29.24	23.79	26.35
Net increase in net asset				
value per share	30.78	27.22	22.15	24.53
Net asset value per share: Beginning of the year End of year	\$115.76 \$146.54	\$93.36 \$120.58	\$81.81 \$103.96	\$82.78 \$107.31
Total investment return	26.59%	29.16%	27.07%	29.63%
Ratio of expenses to average net assets * Ratio of net investment* (loss) to	(2.05%)	(0.05%)	(2.05%)	(0.05%)
average net assets	(2.05%)	(0.05%)	(2.05%)	(0.05%)
Net assets at end of year	348,240,144	26,480,399	31,119,511	49,155,546

^{*} Calculated based on average shares outstanding during the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. The Fund and its activities

The Fund was incorporated on the October 4, 2006 under the laws of Bermuda as an open-ended investment fund with variable capital and limited liability. The Fund has created four Share Classes, the USD Share Class A, the USD Share Class B, the USD Share Class C and the USD Share Class D. All Share Classes offer investors monthly dealing. The Directors have the power to issue further Share Classes in different currencies in the future. The Fund is a feeder fund to the ACL Alternative Fund (the "ACL Alternative Fund") as it invests substantially all of its assets into the ACL Alternative Fund. The ACL Alternative Fund is a segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited, a segregated accounts company incorporated as an open-ended investment company with limited liability under the laws of Bermuda. The NAV for the Fund's USD Share Class A is listed on the Bermuda Stock Exchange.

The audited financial statements of the ACL Alternative Fund, including the Condensed Schedule of Investments, are attached to these audited financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Fund's Financial Statements.

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek long-term capital appreciation for its Shareholders within a rigorous risk management framework. The Fund aims to achieve this objective through its direct investment in the ACL Alternative Fund.

On 22nd July, 2014, Abbey Capital Limited (the "Investment Manager") of the Fund received authorization from the Central Bank of Ireland as an Alternative Investment Fund Manager pursuant to the European Union (Alternative Investment Fund Managers) Regulations 2013 ("AIFMD").

2. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements are presented using the US Dollar (USD) as the functional currency and are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP").

The Fund is considered an Investment Company under US GAAP and follows the accounting and reporting guidance applicable to investment companies in the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 946, Financial Services – Investment Companies ("ASC 946"). The significant policies adopted by the Fund are as follows;

Estimates and assumptions

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements and accompanying notes. Actual amounts could differ from these estimates.

Investment income and expenses

Investment income and expenses are recognized in the Statement of Operations on an accruals basis.

Valuation of investments

The Fund records its investment in the ACL Alternative Fund at fair value. Fair value represents the price listed on the Irish Stock Exchange as at close of business on the relevant valuation day. The valuation of investments held by the ACL Alternative Fund is discussed in the notes to the ACL Alternative Fund Financial Statements which are attached to these Financial Statements.

December 31, 2014

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currency

Other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into USD amounts at the date of valuation. Income and expense items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into USD amounts on the respective dates of such transactions.

Redemptions payable

In accordance with FASB ASC Subtopic 480-10, Distinguish Liabilities from Equity, a request for redemption of shares by an investor is considered a mandatory redeemable financial investment and shall be classified as a liability. Accordingly, requests for redemptions amounting to \$13,453,091 which were effective for January 2, 2015 have been reclassified to redemptions payable on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Further redemption amounts dealt in 2014 totaling \$345,798 remained payable to investors for the year ending December 31, 2014. The Fund has sufficient cash at its bank available to ensure full payment of these redemption amounts.

3. Fair value measurements

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value have been classified for disclosure purposes, based on a hierarchy defined by FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement.

The hierarchy gives the highest ranking to fair values determined using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest ranking to fair values determined using methodologies and models with unobservable inputs (Level 3).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under ASC 820 are described below:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted prices either directly or indirectly included in Level 1 that are not observable for the asset or liability; and
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability to the extent that relevant observable inputs are not available.

As required by ASC 820, assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

December 31, 2014

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

3. Fair value measurements (continued)

The below table shows information about the Fund's assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of December 31, 2014. All values shown are stated in USD.

-	noted Prices in active markets for identical assets	Significant other observable inputs	Significant unobservable inputs	Balance as at December 31, 2014
Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Investment in th ACL Alternative Fund	ne 468,616,526	-	-	468,616,526
Total	468,616,526		_	468,616,526

There were no significant transfers into or out of Level 1 during the year ended December 31, 2014. In addition there were no Level 3 Assets or Liabilities held by the Fund as at December 31, 2014 or at any time during the year then ended.

4. Fees and Expenses

Registrar and Transfer Agent, Administrator and Secretarial Services

The Fund pays US\$25 per transaction on the Share Register (including subscriptions, and redemptions) to the Registrar and Transfer Agent and US\$1,000 per month to the Administrator for the calculation of the Net Asset Value. These fees accrue daily and are paid monthly in arrears. The Fund pays the Corporate Secretary and Bermuda Registrar an annual fee of US\$5,750 for corporate administration services.

The Fund is responsible for out of pocket expenses incurred by the Administrator, the Registrar and Transfer Agent, the Corporate Secretary and Bermuda Registrar for the benefit of the Fund. As a shareholder of ACL Alternative Fund, the Fund is required to pay its prorata share of the various fees and expenses of ACL Alternative Fund including brokerage commissions, administrative expenses, audit, legal etc.

Fund Distributors

The Fund Distributors may receive a placement fee of up to 2% on all sales of the Shares. Each subscriber is informed of the placement fee attributable to such subscriber's Shares prior to committing to acquiring such Shares. Placement fees are paid in addition to the subscription amount. In addition, the Fund may pay the Fund Distributors an ongoing Distribution Fee equal to 2% of the average month-end Net Asset Value of the Fund for USD A Share Class and the USD C Share Class, accrued and payable monthly in arrears. Distribution fees for the year ended December 31, 2014 were US\$6,974,458 of which US\$657,704 were payable by the Fund at the year ending December 31, 2014. There are no Distribution Fees in the USD Share Class B or USD Share Class D.

Investment Manager's Fee

There are no investment management fees or incentive fees at the Fund level, but as a Shareholder of ACL Alternative Fund, the Fund will pay its pro-rata share of the management and incentive fees arising from the Fund's investment in the ACL Alternative Fund. Refer to the financial statements of the ACL Alternative Fund for further information on fees and

December 31, 2014

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

4. Fees and Expenses (continued)

Investment Manager's Fee (continued)

expenses arising at the ACL Alternative Fund level. The Investment Manager will not receive any additional fees for acting as trading advisor to the Fund or ACL Alternative Fund.

Depositary fees

In accordance with the obligations under AIFMD, the Investment Manager and the Directors of the Fund have appointed a depositary, BNY Mellon Trust Company (Ireland) Limited (the "Depositary"), to provide the depositary services of cash monitoring, safe-keeping and oversight. The Depositary is responsible for overseeing the calculation of the value of the Shares of the Fund and ensuring that the value of the Shares of the Fund is calculated in accordance with the Fund's Placement Memorandum, the Company's Bye Laws, and Article 19 of AIFMD and is responsible for reporting any breach to the Central Bank of Ireland.

5. Taxation

At the present time, no income, profit or capital gains taxes are levied in Bermuda and, accordingly, no provision for such taxes has been recorded by the Fund.

The Fund has applied for, and obtained from, the Minister of Finance of Bermuda under the Exempted Undertakings Tax Protection Act 1966 an assurance that, in the event of there being enacted in Bermuda any legislation imposing tax computed on profits or income, or computed on any capital assets, gains or appreciation of any tax or nature of estate duty or inheritance tax, such tax shall not until March 31, 2035 be applicable to the Fund or to any persons not ordinarily resident in Bermuda and holding such Shares, debentures or other obligations of the Fund.

As an exempted mutual fund company, the Fund is liable to pay in Bermuda an annual government registration fee, at a current rate of US\$1,995 per annum, based upon the Fund's authorized share capital.

6. Share Capital

The capital of the Fund is divided into 100 Founder Shares and such number of classes of Shares as the Directors may from time to time determine with the rights and restrictions contained in the Bye-laws as outlined in the Placement Memorandum.

- (a) Voting Rights: On a show of hands every Shareholder who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote and every Founder Shareholder who is present, in person or by proxy, shall have one vote in respect of all of the Founder Shares. On a poll, every Shareholder present in person or by proxy shall be entitled to one vote in respect of each share held by him, and every Founder Shareholder who is present in person or by proxy, shall be entitled to one vote in respect of all of the Founder Shares.
- (b) Dividends: Shareholders shall be entitled to such dividends as the Directors may from time to time declare. The Founder Shareholders shall not be entitled to any dividends in respect of such Founder Shares.
- (c) Redemption: Shares may be redeemed by Shareholders on any Dealing Day in accordance with the Bye-laws.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

6. Share Capital (continued)

(d) Winding Up: If the Directors decide that it is in the best interests of Shareholders to wind up the Fund, the Secretary shall forthwith at the Directors' request, convene a special general meeting of the Fund to consider a proposal to appoint a liquidator to wind up the Fund. The liquidator, on appointment, shall firstly apply the assets of the Fund in satisfaction of creditors' claims as he deems appropriate. The assets of the Fund shall then be distributed amongst the Shareholders. The assets available for distribution amongst the Shareholders shall be applied as per the procedure outlined in the Bye-laws.

Transactions in Shares for the year ending December 31, 2014 were as follows:

USD Share Class A	No. of Shares	Total US \$
Balance at December 31, 2013	3,109,006	440,961,583
Shares issued in the year Shares redeemed in the year	173,269 (832,099)	19,911,398 (93,428,496)
Balance at December 31, 2014	2,450,176	367,444,485
Shares redeemed on Jan 2, 2015	(73,756)	(10,808,153)
Balance at December 31, 2014 (in accordance with ASC Subtopic 480-10)	2,376,420	356,636,332
USD Share Class B	No. of Shares	Total US \$
Balance at December 31, 2013	323,403	35,586,380
Shares issued in the year Shares redeemed in the year	4,754 (107,485)	520,000 (9,698,851)
Balance at December 31, 2014	220,672	26,407,529
Shares redeemed on Jan 2, 2015	(1,061)	(127,965)
Balance at December 31, 2014 (in accordance with ASC Subtopic 480-10)	219,611	26,279,564
USD Share Class C	No. of Shares	Total US \$
Balance at December 31, 2013	355,797	36,066,879
Shares issued in the year Shares redeemed in the year	17,503 (54,225)	1,406,389 (4,441,771)
Balance at December 31, 2014	319,075	33,031,497
Shares redeemed on Jan 2, 2015	(19,723)	(2,050,345)
Balance at December 31, 2014 (in accordance with ASC Subtopic 480-10)	229,352	30,981,152

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

6. Share Capital (continued)

USD Share Class D	No. of Shares	Total US \$
Balance at December 31, 2013	597,661	58,121,310
Shares issued in the year Shares redeemed in the year	71,345 (206,591)	6,090,776 (17,340,822)
Balance at December 31, 2014	462,415	46,871,264
Shares redeemed on Jan 2, 2015	(4,348)	(466,628)
Balance at December 31, 2014 (in accordance with ASC Subtopic 480-10)	458,067	46,404,636

7. Sundry payables and accrued expenses

	December 31, 2014 US \$
Distribution Fees Administration, Corporate & Legal Fees Audit & Tax Fees	657,704 6,214 127,825
Total Sundry payables and accrued expenses	791,743

8. Financial Instruments

The main risks arising from the Fund's financial instruments are as follows:

Investment in ACL Alternative Fund

The Fund is subject to the risks associated with the ACL Alternative Fund's investments and may also be adversely impacted by the activities of other shareholders in the ACL Alternative Fund. The risks arising from the ACL Alternative Fund's investments are set out in the notes to the ACL Alternative Fund's audited financial statements.

Market risk

Market risk represents the potential loss that can be caused by a change in the market value of the financial instruments. The Fund's exposure to market risk results from its direct investment in the ACL Alternative Fund and is therefore indirectly determined by a number of factors including interest rates, foreign currency exchange and market volatility arising from the ACL Alternative Fund's investments in the Trading Funds. Investments by the ACL Alternative Fund into the Trading Funds may be made in markets located in countries which are exposed to the risks of political change or years of political uncertainty which could adversely affect the market value of the investments held by the ACL Alternative Fund.

The ACL Alternative Fund, through its investments into the Trading Funds, may invest in securities or derivatives which are unlisted or for which there is no active market.

For example, the Trading Funds may invest in derivatives with direct or indirect exposure to emerging markets and such investments may be subject to increased political risk or adverse currency movements compared to securities traded in more developed markets. In addition, the Trading Funds may acquire investments which are only traded over-the-counter. Accurately valuing and realizing such investments, or closing out positions in such investments at appropriate prices, may not always be possible.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

8. Financial Instruments (continued)

Operational Risk

The Risk Management Framework includes a Policy and procedures that are designed to ensure that all operational risks relating to the Investment Manager can be identified, monitored and managed at all times. The Investment Manager's Risk Management Policy provides for a process whereby risks throughout the company are identified, measured, assessed and monitored. The Investment Manager uses an internal risk assessment process as a framework for defining operational risk. As part of this process, a Risk Assessment document reviews both internal and external risks to the business. This document identifies factors that could cause risk, including operational risk, measures to reduce risk and any required solutions. This document is produced following the completion of the Annual Risk Inventory and the Annual Compliance Risk Inventory, which assess the risks to the units of Investment Manager and to the Funds that it manages and which are completed by senior management in consultation with the Risk Management unit. The Risk Assessment document is reviewed and approved annually by the Board of Directors of the Investment Manager in order to determine the qualitative and quantitative mitigating factors against all identified risk and to assign the appropriate capital against potential liability risk.

Leverage

Under AIFMD, the Investment Manager is required to express the level which the Fund's leverage will not exceed, as a ratio between the Fund's total exposure and its Net Asset Value. AIFMD prescribes two methodologies for calculating overall exposure of a fund: the "gross methodology" and the "commitment methodology". These methodologies are briefly summarised below but are set out in full detail in AIFMD.

The commitment methodology takes account of the hedging and netting arrangements employed by a fund at any given time (purchased and sold derivative positions will be netted where both relate strictly to the same underlying asset). By contrast, the gross methodology does not take account of the netting or hedging arrangements employed by a fund.

Based on the methodologies for calculating global exposure outlined above, the Fund's maximum expected level of leverage is one time the Net Asset Value of the Fund using the Gross method. The Fund's maximum expected level of leverage is also one time the Net Asset Value of the Fund using the Commitment method.

Liquidity risk

In order to ensure that cash is available for the Fund to meet redemption requests, the Investment Manager has established and maintains risk management policies and systems which are designed to ensure that the Fund maintains a level of liquidity appropriate to its underlying obligations. The liquidity of the Fund is subject to the risks associated with the ACL Alternative Fund's investments and may also be adversely impacted by the activities of other shareholders in the ACL Alternative Fund. The liquidity risks arising from the ACL Alternative Fund's investments and the management of these risks by the Investment Manager are set out in the notes to the ACL Alternative Fund's audited financial statements.

December 31, 2014

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

9. Gains and losses from financial instruments

The following table details the gains and losses from financial assets and liabilities:

	December 31, 2014 US\$
Realized gains on Investments	873,075
Net change in unrealized gains on investments	125,587,094
Total gains on realized and change in unrealized on investments	126,460,169
Realized losses on Investments	(22,511,098)
Total losses on realized and change in unrealized on investments	(22,511,098)

Gains and losses presented above exclude interest income and interest expense.

10. Related party disclosures

The Directors do not receive any remuneration from the Fund. All other related party transactions have been fully disclosed in the Financial Statements, including investment in affiliated funds.

11. Cash at bank

Amounts held with the Fund's Bank (The Bank of New York Mellon) as at December 31, 2014 amounted to US\$1,001,539. The Bank of New York Mellon is rated by the following credit agencies: S&P A-1, Moody P-1 and Fitch F1.

12. Accounting for uncertainty in income taxes

Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 740-10 "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an interpretation of ASC 740" clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in the Fund's financial statements in conformity with ASC 740 "Accounting for Income Taxes". ASC 740-10 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position or expected position to be taken on a tax return. Given the Fund's domicile, the investment objective of the Fund and the strategy, the Directors of the Fund have determined there are no uncertain tax positions.

In addition, the Fund is not subject to any tax examinations by the tax authorities in its country of domicile or taxing authorities in other jurisdictions.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

13. Historic Net Asset Values per share (NAV) and Funds under Management (FUM)

Share Class		December 31, 2012	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2014
USD Share Class A USD Share Class B USD Share Class C USD Share Class D	NAV NAV NAV	\$119.12 \$94.16 \$84.43 \$83.73	\$115.76 \$93.36 \$81.81 \$82.78	\$146.54 \$120.58 \$103.96 \$107.31
Share Class		December 31, 2012	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2014

14. Subsequent events

Events subsequent to December 31, 2014 have been evaluated up to February 26, 2015, the date these Financial Statements were available to be issued. No material subsequent events have occurred since December 31, 2014 that would require recognition or disclosure in these Financial Statements.

15. Approval of Audited Financial Statements

These audited financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on February 26, 2015.

Appendix

Unaudited Supplemental Disclosures to the Financial Statements

Remuneration Policy

It is the Investment Manager's policy to maintain an honest, fair and ethical culture that promotes effective risk management. Accordingly, the Investment Manager has established and maintains a Remuneration Policy, which applies to all the Investment Manager employees and officers, and which is designed to ensure that:

- (i) The Investment Manager remunerates its staff in a manner that is sufficient to attract and retain professional staff that have the required skills, expertise and experience to carry out their duties effectively and;
- (ii) sound and effective risk management is promoted and risk-taking, which is inconsistent with the risk profile and rules of the Investment Manager and the Funds that it manages, is not encouraged or rewarded.

The Investment Manager has formulated its Remuneration Policy with the following objectives:

- To be in line with its business strategy, objectives, values and long-term interests;
- To be consistent with, and promote, sound and effective risk management, without encouraging risk-taking that exceeds the level of tolerated risk of the Investment Manager or the funds that it manages;
- To align the personal objectives of staff with the long term interests of the Investment Manager and the funds that it manages;
- To meet the remuneration provisions of AIFMD;
- To ensure our ability to strengthen or maintain a suitable capital base (to meet operational requirements);
- To include measures to avoid conflicts of interest for control staff (risk management or compliance); and
- To be in line with our code of conduct for employees and our compliance culture.

The remuneration policy has been designed by the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and will be reviewed on an annual basis by the Board of Directors of the Investment Manager.

The Board and senior management of the Investment Manager have assessed all members of staff and have determined that the voting members of the Investment Manager's Investment Committee can exert a material influence on the risk profile, and can take decisions that materially affect risk positions, of the Investment Manager and the funds managed by the Investment Manager and so are classified by the Investment Manager as Identified Staff.

For performance related remuneration, the total amount is based on a combination of the assessment of the performance of the individual, of the business unit concerned, and of the overall results of the Investment Manager; when assessing individual performance, financial and non-financial criteria are taken into account. The performance of the Investment Manager is dependent on the performance of the funds that it manages, since the Investment Manager generates its revenue from management and incentive fees paid to it by these funds, and, therefore, the interests of all members of staff are aligned with the interests of the shareholders in the funds managed by the Investment Manager.



A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

Audited Financial Statements for the year January 1, 2014 to December 31, 2014

Abbey Capital Limited is an Alternative Investment Manager, regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. Abbey Capital Limited is the Commodity Pool Operator of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited and operates it as an exempt pool pursuant to sub-section 4.7 of the Regulations issued pursuant to the Commodity Exchange Act, as amended. Abbey Capital Limited is a member of the National Futures Association ("NFA"), and is registered as an Investment Advisor with the Securities Exchange Commission ("SEC"). None of the regulators listed above endorse, indemnify, or guarantee the member's business practices, selling methods, the class or type of securities offered, or any specific security.

NFA ID: P010654

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A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2014

Affirmation Statement

ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited Victoria Place 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

Affirmation Required by the Commodity Exchange Act, Regulation §4.7(b)(3)(i)

I, Mick Swift, Director of Abbey Capital Limited (Commodity Pool Operator of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited), hereby affirm that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the information contained in this annual report is accurate and complete.

Mick Swift

Director,

Abbey Capital Limited

February 26, 2015

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2014

Directory

Registered Office of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited: Victoria Place, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda

Directors

Anthony Gannon (Non-Executive Director) James Keyes

(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Nicholas Hoskins

(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Auditor

KPMG

1 Harbourmaster Place

IFSC Dublin 1 Ireland

Legal Adviser

Conyers Dill & Pearman Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11

Bermuda

Corporate Secretary & Bermuda Registrar

M.Q. Services Limited Victoria Place 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10

Bermuda

Depositary

BNY Mellon Trust Company (Ireland) Limited

Guild House Guild Street Dublin 1 Ireland Investment Manager

Abbey Capital Limited 1-2 Cavendish Row

Dublin 1 Ireland

Listing Sponsor

McCann FitzGerald Listing Services Limited

Riverside One

Sir John Rogerson's Quay

Dublin 2 Ireland

Custodian

The Bank of New York Mellon

One Wall Street New York, NY 10286

United States of America

Administrator, Registrar & Transfer Agent

BNY Mellon Alternative Investment Services, Ltd.

48 Par-la-ville-Road

Suite 464

Hamilton HM 11

Bermuda

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

Investment Manager's Report

Legal Structure

The ACL Alternative Fund (the "Fund") is a segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited (the "Company"). The ACL Alternative Program (USD A Share Class) commenced in December 2000 and was incorporated as an open-ended investment company in Bermuda on January 4, 2002. The Company commenced operating as a Segregated Accounts Company on May 18, 2009 following its restructure under the Segregated Account Companies Act 2000 of Bermuda, as amended (the "Act").

The Fund has created twenty one Share Classes, of which sixteen are currently in issue (see table below for details). The Directors have the power to issue further Share Classes in different currencies in the future.

Share Classes in Issue	Launch Date	NAV per share as of December 31, 2014
USD Share Class A	January 31, 2002	\$307.08
USD Share Class B	July 3, 2006	\$181.52
USD Share Class C	January 2, 2009	\$110.68
USD Share Class D	January 15, 2014	\$138.71
USD Share Class E	April 1, 2014	\$134.33
Euro Hedged Share Class A	July 1, 2004	EUR219.45
Euro Hedged Share Class B	July 1, 2009	EUR123.83
Euro Hedged Share Class C	January 29, 2010	EUR119.22
GBP Hedged Share Class A	June 1, 2010	£121.05
GBP Hedged Share Class B	January 30, 2006	£198.80
GBP Hedged Share Class C	February 4, 2011	£104.96
CHF Hedged Share Class A	April 15, 2011	CHF109.84
CHF Hedged Share Class B	March 1, 2010	CHF121.00
CHF Hedged Share Class C	October 15, 2010	CHF103.16
JPY Hedged Share Class B	January 21, 2011	¥10,999
JPY Hedged Share Class D	August 31, 2010	¥11,487

The Fund has five feeder funds. The Abbey Global, LP and ACL Global Fund (a sub-fund of the ACL Fund SICAV Plc) invest in excess of 40% of their assets in the Fund. The Abbey Capital Multi-Manager Fund Limited, the Abbey Capital ACL Alternative Fund (a sub-fund of the ACL Fund SICAV Plc), and the Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited, invest the majority of their assets into the Fund.

Investment Objective and Strategy

At December 31, 2014 the Fund allocated in excess of 80% of its assets to 22 Trading Funds*, each Trading Fund being a separate and distinct fund established and maintained by the Company. Through its shareholdings in the Trading Funds, the Fund operates as a multi-manager Fund. The Trading Advisors of the Trading Funds are given a power of attorney to trade on behalf of a Trading Fund through a managed account in the Trading Fund's name held with one of the Trading Fund's principal brokers.

Diversification is achieved at both the Trading Fund trading style and market sector level. The Fund, through its allocation of assets to the Trading Funds, invests in a range of trading styles, including long-term trend following, short-term systematic, value, discretionary macro and specialist FX strategies. Market exposure is broadly diversified with positions in global currency, financial and commodity markets. The Trading Advisors for the Trading Funds are selected on the basis of a variety of quantitative and qualitative criteria, including:

- long-term positive returns on capital invested,
- favorable risk-adjusted performance measures,

^{*}As at December 31, 2014 the ACL Alternative Fund allocated to 21 underlying managers with a total of 22 programs.

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2014

Investment Manager's Report (continued)

Investment Objective and Strategy (continued)

- favorable inter-Trading Advisor correlations to provide diversification benefits between Trading Advisors, and
- proven track record and risk management capability.

Attention is also paid to the correlation between each Trading Advisor's returns and the returns on equities. Ideally Trading Advisors that have displayed a tendency to have a negative correlation with equities when equities are declining are preferred. This has resulted in the Fund's low long-term correlation with equity markets.

Fund Performance to date

The ACL Alternative Fund USD Share Class A finished 2014 with a gain of +31.6%. Since inception in December 2000 the Fund has returned cumulatively +267.1%, providing an annualised return of +9.7%**.

2014 saw lower correlations across markets, divergences between the major economies and rising volatility, producing a market environment which was very positive for Commodity Trading Advisors ("CTAs") across a range of trading styles. Critically, strong trends in a range of market sectors provided opportunities for the Fund's Long-term Trendfollowing ("Trendfollowing") managers, who were the primary driver of positive performance. However, each of the Fund's trading styles contributed positively to performance.

The year started with corrections of trends in January, followed by range bound activity in markets between February and April, producing a difficult environment for the Fund. From May, opportunities emerged as expectations of stimulus measures from the European Central Bank ("ECB") triggered a strong rally in bonds. Indeed, in contrast to the experience of 2011/2012, government policies appeared to support trends in markets in 2014: the ECB's easing measures supported trends across eurozone bond and interest rate markets through the year; the Bank of Japan's ("BoJ") easing supported trends in Japanese government bonds and the JPY; and the divergence between these central banks and tapering by the Federal Reserve (the "Fed") supported a strong rally in the USD.

Despite rising geopolitical risk from Russia's annexation of Crimea, market volatility dipped to extremely low levels in the first half of the year, as many key markets such as US 10-year notes and G3 currencies experienced unusually tight ranges. However, as is often the case, the narrow ranges and compressed volatility proved to be a precursor to breakouts, first in bonds and then in currencies and commodities. While volatility was not exceptionally high, the fact that it was rising as trends were developing enabled managers to extract large returns from the market moves. This was the case for Trendfollowing managers in particular, but FX and Global Macro managers also capitalised on the rally in the USD from May. Periodic bouts of volatility were helpful for the Fund's Short-term Systematic ("Short-term") managers, while Value managers also contributed positively with gains in currencies and commodities.

Looking at performance across managers, dispersion in the Fund was close to the highest experienced since the Fund's inception. Whereas in 2013 equities provided the strongest trends and managers with higher equity allocations outperformed, in 2014 managers with diverse exposure across all of the asset classes produced the strongest returns. In some cases these were managers who had underperformed in previous years, again highlighting the low level of persistence in managers' relative returns and the need to take a long-term perspective when assessing CTA performance.

^{**}The ACL Alternative Fund is a segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited. The ACL Alternative program commenced in December 2000 and was incorporated as a fund in January 2002. Return figures shown are net of fees and include interest (pro forma interest is included from December 2000 - April 2001, actual interest thereafter).

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2014

Investment Manager's Report (continued)

Fund Performance to date (continued)

The Fund substantially outperformed the Newedge CTA index and the BTOP 50 index which were up +15.6% and +12.3% respectively in 2014^{***} . The Fund's USD Share Class A has delivered total cumulative returns of +267.1% since inception, versus +106.2% for the S&P 500 Total Return Index, +123.0% for the Newedge CTA Index and +115.8% for the Barclay BTOP 50 Index.

At the portfolio level, we added one Short-term Systematic manager and removed three managers from the Fund in 2014. Strategy allocations were broadly stable over the year and we maintained our philosophy of holding a core allocation to Trendfollowing at approximately 55% of portfolio risk. We continued to allocate at 21% annualised volatility to managers and this was critical in fully capitalising on market trends when they emerged.

Abbey Capital Limited - Investment Manager

Abbey Capital ("Abbey Capital") completed its fourteenth year of track record in 2014. We continued to invest in our infrastructure and develop our business and, through Cavendish Capital Limited, we increased our allocation of proprietary capital to the managed futures industry.

In November, the Fund was awarded the Best Specialist Fund of Hedge Funds over 10 years by Hedge Fund Review for the second year in a row. Earlier in the year the Fund was recognised at the HFMWeek European Hedge Funds Awards as the winner of the Fund of Hedge Funds managed futures (CTA) category. Both awards are recognition for our investment process as well as our performance over the last decade.

In July, Abbey Capital launched the Abbey Capital Futures Strategy Fund, a series of the RBB Fund Inc. (ABYIX), our first liquid alternative mutual fund, designed for US investors. Also in July, Abbey Capital was authorised by the Central Bank of Ireland as an Alternative Investment Fund Manager (AIFM) under Regulation 9 of the European Union (Alternative Investment Fund Managers) Regulations 2013 ("AIFMD"). These developments were important milestones in Abbey Capital's ongoing strategy to provide quality managed futures products for multiple investor groups globally.

As we close off on 2014, we would like to thank all our investors for their continued support. It was understandable to review and to question the merits of managed futures as performance was difficult in recent years. Our own research indicated that there were similar periods in the industry in the past, which were then followed by strong recoveries; we were pleased to see this trend occur again. We remain confident in the outlook for managed futures and its ability to provide returns over the long-term and diversification for investors.

Abbey Capital Limited

January 2015

^{***}None of the funds managed by Abbey Capital are benchmarked against any index.



KPMG
Audit
1 Harbourmaster Place
IFSC
Dublin 1
Ireland

To the Shareholders of ACL Alternative Fund:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of ACL Alternative Fund ("the Fund"), which comprise the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and the condensed schedule of investments as of December 31, 2014, and the related Statements of Operations, Changes in Net Assets and Financial Highlights for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as of December 31, 2014, and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG

Chartered Accountants
1 Harbourmaster Place
IFSC
Dublin 1

KPM6

Ireland

Date: February 26, 2015

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2014

Condensed Schedule of Investments

Condensed Schedule of Investments			
		Fair Value	% of Net
Short Term Deposits		(US\$)	Asset Value
Bank of Montreal, January 2, 2015, 0.08%		169,684,765	7.32%
Swedbank AB Stockholm, January 2, 2015, 0.05%		169,519,789	7.31%
Bank of Tokyo, January 2, 2015, 0.14%		168,569,906	7.27%
Mizuho Corporate Bank, January 2, 2015, 0.13%		172,758,397	7.45%
NBC, January 2, 2015, 0.05%		152,334,196	6.57%
UBS AG, January 2, 2015, 0.02%		32,295,764	1.39%
Rabobank Ireland Plc, January 2, 2015, 0.12%		172,062,760	7.42%
ABN AMRO, January 2, 2015, 0.01%		159,915,500	6.90%
			6.97%
DNB Bank ASA, January 2, 2015, 0.08%		161,697,513	
HSBC Bank Plc, January 5, 2015, 0.05%		172,361,757	7.43%
SEB Merchant Banking, January 2, 2015, 0.00%		750,001	0.02%
Standard Chartered Bank, January 2, 2015, 0.06%		172,640,205	7.45%
Total Short Term Deposits			
(cost: US\$1,704,576,046)		1,704,590,553	73.50%
Investment in Treasury Bills, Mar 19, 2015		999,958	0.04%
(cost: US\$999,958)			
	No. of	Fair Value	% of Net
Purchased Option Contracts	contracts	US\$	Asset Value
Various Currency Futures Contracts (Jan-Feb15)	5,300	9,080,000	0.39%
Various Financial Futures Contracts (Feb-Sep15)	39,509	5,770,044	0.25%
Various Index Futures Contracts (Mar15)	1,500	2,953,199	0.13%
Various Energy Futures Contracts (Jan15)	1,000	780,000	0.03%
Various Metal Futures Contracts (Jan15)	750	817,500	0.04%
Total Purchased Option Contracts	48,059	19,400,743	0.84%
(cost: US\$17,744,148)			
	No. of	Fair Value	% of Net
Sold Option Contracts	contracts	US\$	Asset Value
Various Currency Futures Contracts (Jan15)	(3,800)	(1,023,750)	(0.04%)
Various Financial Futures Contracts (Mar-Sep15)	(25,295)	(1,161,569)	(0.05%)
Various Index Futures Contracts (Mar15)	(750)	(3,022,024)	(0.13%)
Various Metal Futures Contracts (Jan15)	(750)	(262,500)	(0.01%)
Total Sold Option Contracts	(30,595)	(5,469,843)	(0.23%)
(cost: US\$7,976,402)			
			% of Net
	No. of	Fair Value	
Investments in Long Futures Contracts	contracts	US\$	Asset Value
Various Currency Futures Contracts (Jan-Jun15)	5,894	(4,510,230)	(0.19%)
Various Energy Futures Contracts (Jan-Dec15)	2,437	(2,237,028)	(0.10%)
Various Grains Futures Contracts (Jan15-May16)	9,851	(3,922,341)	(0.17%)
Various Index Futures Contracts (Jan-Jun15)	16,988	10,754,651	0.46%
Various Interest Rate Futures Contracts (Mar15-Mar 19)	71,030	12,200,947	0.53%
Various Financial Futures Contracts (Mar15)	37,757	46,952,432	2.03%
Various Meat Futures Contracts (Mai 13)	1,763	(4,347,930)	(0.19%)
	•		
Various Metal Futures Contracts (Feb-Dec15)	1,176	(80,896)	(0.00%)
Various I ME Futures Contracts (Dec15)	107	(79,115)	(0.00%)
Various LME Futures Contracts (Jan-Jul15)	622	(2,319,631)	(0.10%)
Total Long Futures Contracts	147,625	52,410,859	2.27%
	,023	, :-0,033	_:_ / J

Condensed Schedule of Investments (continued)

Investment in Short Futures Contracts	No. of		% of Net
	contracts	Fair Value US\$	Asset Value
Various Currency Futures Contracts (Feb-Mar15)	(13,481)	16,474,298	0.71%
Various Energy Futures Contracts (Jan15-Jan16)	(13,245)	84,453,960	3.64%
Various Grains Futures Contracts (Feb15-Feb16)	(9,472)	11,246,100	0.49%
Various Index Futures Contracts (Jan15-Dec17)	(1,511)	(1,464,255)	(0.06%)
Various Interest Rate Contracts (Mar-Sep15)	(8,974)	397,352	0.02%
Various Meat Futures Contracts (Feb 15)	(1,254)	2,329,736	0.10%
Various Metal Futures Contracts (Feb-Jul15)	(4,612)	7,508,883	0.32%
Various Industrial Futures Contracts (Jan-Jun15)	(207)	(45,225)	(0.00%)
Various Tropical Futures Contracts (Mar-Jul15)	(1,671)	785,514	0.03%
Various LME Futures Contracts (Jan-Jul15)	(4,158)	(3,638,335)	(0.16%)
Total Short Futures Contracts	(58,585)	118,048,028	5.09%
			_
Investments in Long Forward Foreign Exchange			٥/ ٢٠٠
Contracts			% of Net
		Fair Value US\$	Asset Value
Various Foreign Exchange Forward Contracts		(45,676,062)	(1.97%)
Total Long Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts	-	(45,676,062)	(1.97%)
	_		_
Investments in Short Forward Foreign Exchange			_
Contacts			% of Net
Contacts		Fair Value US\$	Asset Value
Various Foreign Exchange Forward Contracts		55,242,040	2.39%
		, , ,	
Total Short Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts	- -	55,242,040	2.39%
Not consolized using an Entrusa Outland and			
Net unrealized gains on Futures, Options and Forward Contracts		102 055 765	0.200/
roiwaru Collitacis		193,955,765	8.39%
Other Net Assets and Liabilities		418,806,183	18.07%
	-		
Net assets	-	2,318,352,459	100.00%

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 810, Consolidations, the Trading Funds to which the ACL Alternative Fund allocates its assets have been consolidated with the assets of the ACL Alternative Fund in these financial statements.

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited December 31, 2014

Statement of Assets and Liabilities

		December 31, 2014
Assets		US\$
Investments in Short Term deposits (Note 3)		1,704,590,553
Investments in Treasury Bills at fair value (Note 3)		999,958
Derivative & foreign exchange contracts, at fair value (Note 3,7)	299,287,143
Cash held at Custodian (The Bank Of New York Mellon)	,	83,022,000
Due from broker		465,076,694
Total Assets		2,552,976,348
Liabilities		
Derivative & foreign exchange contracts, at fair value (Note 3,7)	105,331,378
Depreciation deposits / Equalization credits (Note 4)		30,109,322
Subscriptions received in advance		8,591,100
Redemptions payable (Note 2)		21,821,730
Fees payable (Note 4)		68,770,359
Total Liabilities		234,623,889
Net Assets		2,318,352,459
Analysis of Net Assets		
Paid-in capital (Note 6)		1,942,785,422
Distributable earnings		375,567,037
Distributuble curnings		373,307,037
Net Assets		2,318,352,459
NAV Information & Shares in Issue		
		Shares in
Share Class	NAV per Share	issue
USD Share Class A	\$307.08	4,859,530
USD Share Class B	\$181.52	1,922,337
USD Share Class C	\$110.68	173,723

\$507.06	4,859,530
\$181.52	1,922,337
\$110.68	173,723
\$138.71	4,975
\$134.33	10,595
EUR219.45	192,065
EUR123.83	430,098
EUR119.22	2,620
£121.05	1,241,887
£198.80	18,115
£104.96	27,465
CHF109.84	136
CHF121.00	13,343
CHF103.16	23,594
¥10,999	439,872
¥11,487	532,983
	\$181.52 \$110.68 \$138.71 \$134.33 EUR219.45 EUR123.83 EUR119.22 £121.05 £198.80 £104.96 CHF109.84 CHF121.00 CHF103.16 ¥10,999

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 810, Consolidations, the Trading Funds to which the ACL Alternative Fund allocates its assets have been consolidated with the assets of the ACL Alternative Fund in these financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2014

Statement of Assets and Liabilities (continued)

These Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors and signed on their behalf by

Director

Date: February 26, 2015

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2014

Statement of Operations

Statement of Operations	For the year January 1 to December 31, 2014 US\$
Investment income	
Interest income (Note 2)	1,201,582
Expenses	
Trading advisors' management fees (Note 4)	(19,046,891)
Trading advisors' incentive fees (Note 4)	(59,178,096)
Investment manager management fees (Note 4)	(18,431,140)
Incentive fees (Note 4)	(17,998,644)
Audit & Tax fees (Note 4)	(230,000)
Administration fees (Note 4)	(1,967,763)
Depositary fees (Note 4)	(88,710)
Directors' fees (Note 4)	(12,500)
Legal & other professional fees (Note 4)	(259,855)
Total expenses	(117,213,599)
Net investment loss	(116,012,017)
Net realized gain on: Investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency (Note 9)	531,618,124
investments in derivative contracts and foreign carrency (Note 3)	331,010,121
Net change in unrealized gain on:	
Investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency (Note 9)	84,448,582
Net realized and change in unrealized gain from investments in	
Derivative contracts and foreign currency	616,066,706
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	500,054,689

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 810, Consolidations, the gains and losses of the Trading Funds to which the ACL Alternative Fund allocates its assets have been consolidated with the gains and losses of the ACL Alternative Fund in these financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

These Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors and signed on their behalf by

Director

Director /

Date: February 26, 2015

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited December 31, 2014

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

	December 31, 2014 US\$
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations: Net investment loss for the year	(116,012,017)
Net realized gain on: Investments in derivative contracts and foreign exchange	531,618,124
Net change in unrealized gain on: Investments in derivative contracts and foreign exchange	84,448,582
Increase in net assets as a result of operations	500,054,689
Capital transactions: Proceeds on issue of shares (Note 6) Paid on redemption of shares (Note 6) Depreciation deposits applied (Note 4)	227,506,900 (1,233,605,850) 10,948,030
Net payments on capital transactions	(995,150,920)
Net decrease in net assets	(495,096,231)
Net Assets: Beginning of year	2,813,448,690
End of Year	2,318,352,459

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 810, Consolidations, the Trading Funds to which the ACL Alternative Fund allocates its assets have been consolidated with the assets of the ACL Alternative Fund in these financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The following tables include selected data for each Share Class outstanding at each month end throughout the year and other performance information derived from the Financial Statements. The per share amounts which are shown reflect the income and expenses of the Fund.

Share Class	USD Share Class A	USD Share Class B	USD Share Class C	USD Share Class D^	USD Share Class E^^
Currency	USD	USD	USD	USD	USD
Net investment loss	(16.74)	(10.35)	(7.69)	(10.43)	(9.77)
Net realized & unrealized gain on investments Net increase in net asset	90.43	53.32	33.37	49.14	44.10
value per share*	73.69	42.97	25.68	38.71	34.33
Net Asset Value per share: Beginning of year End of year	233.39 307.08	138.55 181.52	85.00 110.68	100.00 138.71	100.00 134.33
Total return before Trading Advisor incentive fees Trading Advisor incentive	34.22%	33.66%	32.86%	41.36%	36.98%
fees	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)
Total net return	31.57%	31.01%	30.21%	38.71%	34.33%
Expenses to average net assets before Trading Advisor incentive fees**	(3.49%)	(3.74%)	(4.74%)	(4.24%)	(4.49%)
Trading Advisor incentive fee	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)
Total net expenses***	(6.14%)	(6.39%)	(7.39%)	(6.89%)	(7.14%)
Net investment loss before Trading Advisor incentive fees	(2.46%)	(2.71%)	(3.71%)	(3.21%)	(3.46%)
Trading Advisor incentive fees	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)
Total net investment loss	(5.11%)	(5.36%)	(6.36%)	(5.86%)	(6.11%)
Net assets, end of year in USD	1,492,269,226	348,946,087	19,227,228	689,962	1,423,306

^{*} Calculated based on the average number of shares outstanding during the year

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 810, Consolidations, the Trading Funds to which the ACL Alternative Fund allocates its assets have been consolidated with the assets of the ACL Alternative Fund in these financial statements.

^{**} Includes brokerage of 0.97%

^{***} As set out in Note 4 to these Financial Statements, the Fund does not pay fees and expenses directly. All fees and expenses of the Fund are distributed to and paid by each Trading Fund based on the Fund's holding in each Trading Fund.

^{^^} USD share class launched January 15, 2014

Financial Highlights (continued)

	GBP Hedged Share	GBP Hedged Share	GBP Hedged Share	Euro Hedged Share	Euro Hedged Share
Share Class	Class A	Class B	Class C	Class A	Class B
Currency	GBP	GBP	GBP	EUR	EUR
Net investment loss	(6.66)	(11.45)	(7.38)	(11.92)	(7.04)
Net realized & unrealized gain on investments Net increase in net asset	35.97	58.96	32.03	64.39	36.25
value per share*	29.31	47.51	24.65	52.47	29.21
Net Asset Value per share:					
Beginning of year End of year	91.74 121.05	151.29 198.80	80.31 104.96	166.98 219.45	94.62 123.83
End of year	121.03	150.00	104.50	213.43	125.05
Total return before Trading Advisor incentive fees	34.60%	34.05%	33.34%	34.07%	33.52%
Trading Advisor incentive fees	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)
Total net return	31.95%	31.40%	30.69%	31.42%	30.87%
Expenses to average net assets before Trading Advisor incentive fees**	(3.49%)	(3.74%)	(4.74%)	(3.49%)	(3.74%)
Trading Advisor incentive fees	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)
Total net expenses***	(6.14%)	(6.39%)	(7.39%)	(6.14%)	(6.39%)
Net investment loss before Trading Advisor incentive fees	(2.46%)	(2.71%)	(3.71%)	(2.46%)	(2.71%)
Trading Advisor incentive fees	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)
Total net investment loss	(5.11%)	(5.36%)	(6.36%)	(5.11%)	(5.36%)
Net assets, end of year in USD	234,328,107	5,613,333	4,493,751	51,005,229	64,452,701

^{*} Calculated based on the average number of shares outstanding during the year

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 810, Consolidations, the Trading Funds to which the ACL Alternative Fund allocates its assets have been consolidated with the assets of the ACL Alternative Fund in these financial statements.

^{**} Includes brokerage of 0.97%

As set out in Note 4 to these Financial Statements, the Fund does not pay fees and expenses directly. All fees and expenses of the Fund are distributed to and paid by each Trading Fund based on the Fund's holding in each Trading Fund.

Financial Highlights (continued)

Share Class	EUR Hedged Share Class C	CHF Hedged Share Class A	CHF Hedged Share Class B	CHF Hedged Share Class C
Currency	EUR	CHF	CHF	CHF
Net investment loss	(8.25)	(5.89)	(6.81)	(7.09)
Net realized & unrealized gain on investments Net increase in Net Asset Value per	35.83	31.83	35.08	30.78
share*	27.58	25.94	28.27	23.69
Net Asset Value per share: Beginning of year End of year	91.64 119.22	83.90 109.84	92.73 121.00	79.47 103.16
Total return before Trading Advisor incentive fee	32.75%	33.57%	33.14%	32.46%
Trading Advisor incentive fee Total net return	(2.65%) 30.10%	(2.65%) 30.92%	(2.65%) 30.49%	(2.65%) 29.81%
Expenses to average net assets before Trading Advisor incentive fee**	(4.74%)	(3.49%)	(3.74%)	(4.74%)
Trading Advisor incentive fee	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)
Total net expenses***	(7.39%)	(6.14%)	(6.39%)	(7.39%)
Net investment loss before Trading Advisor incentive fee	(3.71%)	(2.46%)	(2.71%)	(3.71%)
Trading Advisor incentive fee	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)	(2.65%)
Total net investment loss	(6.36%)	(5.11%)	(5.36%)	(6.36%)
Net assets, end of year in USD	377,909	15,091	1,624,484	2,449,144

^{*} Calculated based on the average number of shares outstanding during the year

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 810, Consolidations, the Trading Funds to which the ACL Alternative Fund allocates its assets have been consolidated with the assets of the ACL Alternative Fund in these financial statements.

^{**} Includes brokerage of 0.97%

As set out in Note 4 to these Financial Statements, the Fund does not pay fees and expenses directly. All fees and expenses of the Fund are distributed to and paid by each Trading Fund based on the Fund's holding in each Trading Fund.

Financial Highlights (continued)

Share Class	JPY Hedged Share Class B	JPY Hedged Share Class D
Currency	JPY	JPY
Net investment loss	(625)	(727)
Net realized & unrealized gain on investments Net increase in Net Asset Value per	3,221	3,427
share*	2,596	2,700
Net Asset Value per share: Beginning of year End of year	8,403 10,999	8,787 11,487
Total return before Trading Advisor incentive fee Trading Advisor incentive fee Total net return	33.54% (2.65%) 30.89%	33.38% (2.65%) 30.73%
Expenses to average net assets before Trading Advisor incentive fee** Trading Advisor incentive fee Total net expenses***	(3.74%) (2.65%) (6.39%)	(4.24%) (2.65%) (6.89%)
Net investment loss before Trading Advisor incentive fee Trading Advisor incentive fee Total net investment loss	(2.71%) (2.65%) (5.36%)	(3.21%) (2.65%) (5.86%)
Net assets, end of year in USD	40,361,692	51,075,209

^{*} Calculated based on the average number of shares outstanding during the year

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 810, Consolidations, the Trading Funds to which the ACL Alternative Fund allocates its assets have been consolidated with the assets of the ACL Alternative Fund in these financial statements.

^{**} Includes brokerage of 0.97%

As set out in Note 4 to these Financial Statements, the Fund does not pay fees and expenses directly. All fees and expenses of the Fund are distributed to and paid by each Trading Fund based on the Fund's holding in each Trading Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. The Fund and its activities

The ACL Alternative Fund (the "Fund") is a segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited (the "Company"). The Company is an open-ended investment Fund, located in Bermuda with variable capital and limited liability. The Company was incorporated on January 4, 2002.

The Company commenced operating as a Segregated Accounts Company on May 18, 2009 following its restructure under the Segregated Account Companies Act 2000 of Bermuda, as amended (the "Act"). As a result of this restructure, the Company created segregated accounts, including the Fund and the Trading Funds. As segregated accounts, the assets and liabilities of each segregated account are segregated, which means the assets of each segregated account are available to meet the liabilities to creditors in respect of that segregated account only and will be protected from creditors of the Company or the Company's other segregated accounts*.

Investors may invest in the Fund directly or via one of the feeder funds, namely the Abbey Capital Multi-Manager Fund Limited, the Abbey Capital ACL Alternative Fund, the Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited, the ACL Global Fund or the Abbey Global, LP. The investment objective of the Fund is to achieve long term capital appreciation for its Shareholders.

The Fund currently allocates in excess of 80% of its assets to 22 Trading Funds, each Trading Fund being a segregated account of the Company. Appointed Trading Advisors are given a power of attorney to trade on behalf of a Trading Fund through a managed account in the Trading Fund's name held with one of the Trading Fund's principal brokers. Through its allocation of assets to the Trading Funds, the Fund operates as a multi-advisor fund. As at December 31, 2014, the ACL Alternative Fund allocated to 21 underlying managers with a total of 22 programs.

The Fund has created twenty one Share Classes, of which sixteen are currently in issue; a USD Share Class A, a USD Share Class B, a USD Share Class C, a USD Share Class D, a USD Share Class E, a Euro Hedged Share Class A, a Euro Hedged Share Class B, a Euro Hedged Share Class C, a GBP Hedged Share Class A, a GBP Hedged Share Class B, a GBP Hedged Share Class C, a CHF Hedged Share Class A, a CHF Hedged Share Class B, a CHF Hedged Share Class C, a JPY Hedged Share Class B and a JPY Hedged Share Class D. The USD Share Class A, Euro Hedged Share Class A and GBP Hedged Share Class A are listed on the Irish Stock Exchange. The functional currency is the United States Dollar (USD).

On 22nd July, 2014, Abbey Capital Limited (the "Investment Manager") received authorization from the Central Bank of Ireland as an Alternative Investment Fund Manager pursuant to the European Union (Alternative Investment Fund Managers) Regulations 2013 ("AIFMD").

2. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements are presented using the United States Dollar (USD) as the functional currency and are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP").

The Fund is considered an Investment Company under US GAAP and follows the accounting and reporting guidance applicable to investment companies in the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 946, Financial Services – Investment Companies ("ASC 946"). The significant policies adopted by the Fund are as follows;

^{*} The provisions of the Act have not yet been tested by a court

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2014

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Estimates and assumptions

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements and accompanying notes. Actual amounts could differ from these estimates.

Basis of preparation and consolidation

These Financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments to fair value. The fund has a 100% interest in each of its 22 Trading Funds. Accordingly, these financial statements consolidate the Trading Funds. Intercompany transactions, balances and gains and losses on transactions between the Fund and the Trading Funds are eliminated in the consolidation process.

Recognition of income

Interest income is accounted for on an accrual basis and recognized in the Statement of Operations.

Valuation of investments

The value of any security traded on a stock exchange is valued at the last reported trade quoted on such exchange or, if not available, at the mean between the exchange quoted bid and ask prices at the close of business. This equates to fair value as it represents the amount at which the security could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The fair value of a liability is the amount at which that liability could be incurred or settled in a current transaction between willing parties, that is, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Derivative instruments dealt on a market will be valued at the settlement price as of the date of valuation for such instruments on such markets as this equates to fair value.

In the event of no ready market value or conterparty quote being available, or if such valuation is not representative of the asset's fair market value, BNY Mellon Alternative Investment Services Ltd (the "Administrator") is entitled to use other generally recognized valuation principles in order to reach a proper valuation of that specific asset. These valuation techniques may involve some level of management estimation and judgment which becomes significant with increasingly complex instruments or pricing models. Where appropriate, adjustments are included to reflect the risk inherent in a particular methodology, model or input used.

Realized gains and losses on investments are determined on a first-in first-out basis, except for futures where opening trades undertaken on the same day are netted prior to the application of first-in, first-out.

Foreign currency

Investment securities and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. Dollar amounts at the date of valuation. Purchases and sales of investment securities and income and expense items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. Dollar amounts on the respective dates of such transactions. The Fund does not isolate that portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in market prices of securities held. Such fluctuations are included with the net realized and unrealized gain or loss from investments.

Options purchased

When an option is purchased, an amount equal to the premium paid is recorded as an investment and is subsequently adjusted to the current market value of the option purchased. Premiums paid for the purchase of options which expire unexercised are treated by the Fund on the expiration date as realized losses. If a purchased call option is exercised,

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2014

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Options Purchased (continued)

the premium increases the cost basis of the security or foreign currency purchased by the Fund.

Options sold

When an option is sold, an amount equal to the premium received is recorded as an investment and is subsequently adjusted to the current market value of the option sold. Premiums received for the sale of options which expire unexercised are treated by the Fund on the expiration date as realized gains. If a sold call option is exercised, the premium received increases the Fund's effective sales price of the security or foreign currency sold.

Short-term deposits

Short-term deposits are stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Forward currency contracts

The unrealized gain or loss on open forward currency contracts is calculated by reference to the difference between the contracted rate and the rate to close out the contract. Realized gains or losses include amounts on contracts which have been settled or offset by other contracts with the same counterparty.

The unrealized gains and losses as a result of marking these contracts to market at December 31, 2014 are included in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. The change in market value of forward exchange contracts is included in the Statement of Operations.

Futures contracts

Initial margin deposits are made upon entering into futures contracts and are generally made in cash. During the year the futures contract is open, changes in the value of the contract are recognized as unrealized gains or losses by "marking-to-market" on a daily basis to reflect the market value of the contract at the end of each day's trading.

Unrealized gains and losses are disclosed on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. When the contract is closed, the Fund records a realized gain or loss equal to the difference between the proceeds from (or cost of) the closing transaction and the Fund's basis in the contract.

Brokerage commissions

Brokerage commissions, including other trading expenses, are charged to realized and unrealized gains and losses as they are incurred to open a position, and an amount accrued for the close out of the position.

Redemptions payable

In accordance with FASB ASC Subtopic 480-10, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity, a request for a redemption of shares by an investor is considered a mandatory redeemable financial instrument and shall be classified as a liability. Accordingly, requests for redemptions amounting to \$14,447,000 were effective for January 2, 2015 have been reclassified to redemptions payable on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Further redemption amounts dealt in December 2014 totaling \$7,374,730 remained payable to investors at year end.

Accounting Proncouncements

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-11, Repurchase-to-Maturity Transactions, Repurchase Financings, and Disclosures ("ASU 2014-11"). ASU 2014-11 aligns the accounting for repurchase-to-maturity transactions and repurchase financing arrangements with the accounting for other typical repurchase agreements, i.e., these transactions will be

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2014

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

accounted for as secured borrowings. The ASU also requires additional disclosures about repurchase agreements and similar transactions. The requirements of ASU 2014-11 are effective for fiscal years that begin after December 15, 2014. The Investment Manager is currently evaluating the impact, if any, that these updates will have on its financial condition or results of operations.

3. Fair value measurements

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value have been classified for disclosure purposes, based on a hierarchy defined by FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement.

The hierarchy gives the highest ranking to fair values determined using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest ranking to fair values determined using methodologies and models with unobservable inputs (Level 3).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under ASC 820 are described below:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted prices either directly or indirectly included in Level 1 that are not observable for the asset or liability; and
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability to the extent that relevant observable input are not available.

As required by ASC 820, assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The table overleaf shows information about the Fund's assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of December 31, 2014. All values shown are stated in USD.

3. Fair value measurements (continued)

	Quoted Prices in Active markets for	Significant other observable inputs	Significant unobservable inputs	Balance as at December 31, 2014
Assets	identical assets Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investments in short term deposits	1,704,590,553	-	-	1,704,590,553
Investments in Treasury Bills	999,958	-	-	999,958
Investments in derivative contracts	230,459,586	-	-	230,459,586
Investments in foreign exchange contracts	-	68,827,557	-	68,827,557
Total Assets	1,936,050,097	68,827,557	-	2,004,877,654
Liabilities Investments in derivative and foreign exchange contracts Investments in foreign exchange	(46,069,801)	-	-	(46,069,801)
contracts	-	(59,261,577)	-	(59,261,577)
Total Liabilities	(46,069,801)	(59,261,577)	_	(105,331,378)
Total	1,889,980,296	(9,565,980)	_	1,899,546,276

There were no significant transfers into or out of Level 1 during the year ended December 31, 2014. In addition there were no Level 3 Assets or Liabilities held by the Fund as at December 31, 2014 or at any time during the year then ended.

4. Fees and expenses

There are no class specific expenses except where in the interests of seeking the optimal protection of a shareholder's investment, the Fund may engage in foreign exchange hedging transactions for the Euro Hedged Share Class A, the Euro Hedged Share Class B, the Euro Hedged Share Class C, the GBP Hedged Share Class A, the GBP Hedged Share Class B, the GBP Hedged Share Class C, the CHF Hedged Share Class A, the CHF Hedged Share Class B, the CHF Hedged Share Class C, the JPY Hedged Share Class B or the JPY Hedged Share Class D (where profits, gains and losses, costs, income and expenditure consequent upon such hedging transactions are allocated to that class).

Management and incentive fees

The Fund does not pay management or incentive fees directly to the Investment Manager. Management Fees are calculated at the Fund level and then distributed to and paid by each Trading Fund based on the Fund holdings in the Trading Funds at month end.

The Management Fees paid to the Investment Manager are charged at the following annual rates based on the Net Asset Value of the Fund on each Dealing Day of each month, payable weekly or monthly in arrears at a rate of 0.75% ("A" Share Classes), 1.00% ("B" Share Classes), 2.00% ("C" Share Classes), 1.50% ("D" Share Classes) and 1.75% ("E" Share Classes) per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2014

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

4. Fees and expenses (continued)

Management and incentive fees (continued)

The Investment Manager is also entitled to an incentive fee for each calendar quarter equal to 7.5% ("A" Share Classes), 10% ("B" Share Classes), 10% ("C" Share Classes), 10% ("D" Share Classes) and 10% ("E" Share Classes) of the Net New Investment Profit (as defined below) for the quarter. "Net New Investment Profit" means, the increase in the Fund's Net Asset Value of the applicable share class outstanding in respect of each calendar quarter, prior to the deduction of the Investment Manager's incentive fee, and subject to a high water mark.

Investment manager and trading advisor equalization

The incentive fee will be accrued and taken into account in the calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share on each Valuation Day. The incentive fee calculation in respect of the Fund is computed by operating an equalization accounting system so that each Share is charged an incentive fee that is based upon that Share's performance. This structure is intended to reduce the impact on existing Shareholders of incentive fees attributable to capital contributed or withdrawn during a performance year, and allows that all Shares within the same Share class have the same Net Asset Value per Share.

Where an investor subscribes for Shares at a time when the Net Asset Value per Share is less than the high water mark then an adjustment is required to reduce inequalities that may otherwise result to the respective subscriber, to the other Shareholders of the Fund, or to the Investment Manager or Trading Advisor. The high water mark is the greater of (i) the highest Net Asset Value per Share on the last day of any calendar quarter and (ii) the initial issue price for the Shares, both adjusted to take into account any distributions made in the interim.

Where Shares are subscribed at a time when the Net Asset Value per Share is less than the high water mark, no incentive fee will be accrued for existing Shareholders until the high water mark has been recovered. New Shareholders will however, in effect, be required to pay an incentive fee with respect to any subsequent appreciation in the Net Asset Value per Share of those Shares until the high water mark has been achieved (the "Depreciation Deposit"). The Depreciation Deposit is payable if the Net Asset Value per Share increases up to the high water mark. The Depreciation Deposit is recorded on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as a liability. This liability is reduced when the related incentive fee is paid to the Investment Manager and Trading Advisors.

During the year ended December 31, 2014, incentive fees of \$10,948,030 were paid from the Depreciation Deposit account. As at December 31, 2014, the total amount of depreciation deposits payable to investors amounted to \$29,925,548.

At December 31, 2014, the Fund reached a new high water mark. On January 2, 2015, the remaining depreciation deposits balances will be fully paid from the depreciation deposit account.

Where Shares ("Premium Shares") are purchased at a time when the Net Asset Value per Share is greater than the high water mark, the prospective investor is required to pay an additional sum equal to the accrual then in place per Share in respect of the incentive fee (an "equalization credit"). The equalization credit is designed to ensure that all Shareholders have the same amount of capital at risk per Share.

The equalization credit may be returned to the investor in the form of shares providing the Net Asset Value per share remains above the high watermark at the end of a subsequent performance quarter.

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2014

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

4. Fees and expenses (continued)

Investment manager and trading advisor equalization (continued)

To the extent that the Net Asset Value per share declines below the offer price, so the proportionate reduction in the equalization credit is returned to the investor. The equalization credit is recorded on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as a liability. This liability is reduced when shares are returned to the investor. As at December 31, 2014 the equalization credits payable to investors amounted to \$183,774.

The Trading Funds will pay to the external Trading Advisors of the Company's other Segregated Accounts/Trading Funds an annual management fee based on the Trading Fund Equity before management fees and incentive fees payable monthly in arrears.

The Company may increase/decrease the amount of Trading Funds and allocations thereto at its discretion and without Shareholder approval. Fees will range among the Trading Advisors from a minimum of 0% to a maximum of 2% per annum of each Trading Advisor's allocated assets.

The Trading Funds will also pay to the Trading Advisors an incentive fee for each calendar month or quarter. Incentive Fees will range from 0% to a maximum of 25% of Net New Trading Advisor Profit (as defined below) for the quarter (the "Incentive Fee"). "Net New Trading Advisor Profit" means, with respect to any calendar month or quarter, any net profits (or losses) realized on all transactions closed out in the Trading Fund during the month or quarter (after deduction of brokerage commissions, exchange fees, NFA fees and give-up fees), but prior to the deduction of any fees charged by the Investment Manager, Administrator or Custodian for services to the Fund, plus:

- (A) the change in net unrealized profits (or losses) on open positions in the Trading Fund as of the end of the quarter or preceding relevant calendar month versus the amount of such unrealized profits (or losses) on open positions in the Trading Fund as of the end of the preceding quarter or preceding relevant calendar month, minus
- (B) the Management Fees for the calendar quarter or relevant calendar month (but not including any Incentive Fee) and minus
- (C) any cumulative net realized and unrealized trading losses (including expenses) incurred in the Trading Fund since the last preceding calendar quarter or last preceding calendar month for which an Incentive Fee was payable. Trading Advisor management and incentive fees are not paid at the Fund level but by the individual Trading Funds.

Custodian, administration, secretary and registrar fees

The fees payable by each Trading Fund to The Bank of New York Mellon, in relation to registrar and transfer, administration and custodian services provided to the Funds, will be calculated as 14bp p.a. of the Net Asset Value of each Share Class of the ACL Alternative Fund, calculated on each Valuation Day, up to USD250 million, 12bp p.a. on the next USD250 million, 10bp p.a. on the next USD500 million, 8bp p.a. on the next USD500 million, 6bp p.a. on the next USD1.5 billion and 4bp p.a. thereafter. These fees will accrue daily and will be paid monthly in arrears, by the Trading Funds. All of the fees specified in the foregoing paragraph above for administration, registrar and transfer, custody and secretarial services will be paid in aggregate by each Trading Fund from the account it maintains with the Custodian. The Custodian will then be responsible for paying the individual fees due to the Administrator, and the Registrar and Transfer Agent.

4. Fees and expenses (continued)

Depositary fees

In accordance with the obligations under AIFMD, the Investment Manager and the Directors of the Fund have appointed a depositary, BNY Mellon Trust Company (Ireland) Limited (the "Depositary"), to provide the depositary services of cash monitoring, safe-keeping and oversight. The Depositary is responsible for overseeing the calculation of the value of the Shares of the Fund and ensuring that the value of the Shares of the Fund is calculated in accordance with the Fund's Placement Memorandum, the Company's Bye Laws, and Article 19 of AIFMD and is responsible for reporting any breach to the Central Bank of Ireland.

The fees payable by each Trading Fund to the depositary in relation to depositary services provided to the fund will be calculated as 0.85 bp p.a. of the Net Asset Value of the Fund, up to USD5.5 billion and 0.5 bp p.a. thereafter. There is a minimum annual fee of \$200,000 per annum. These fees will accrue daily and will be paid monthly in arrears, by the Trading Funds.

Director's fees

The Trading Funds shall pay the Directors such annual remuneration for acting as Directors of the Company as the Directors may from time to time agree, provided however that the annual remuneration of the Directors shall not, in the aggregate, exceed \$20,000. Mr. Gannon will not receive any Directors' fee. Such fees shall be payable semi-annually in arrears.

Fees payable

Fees payable by the Trading Funds as at December 31, 2014 were:

	US\$
Investment Manager management fees	1,593,175
Investment Manager incentive fees	17,998,644
Trading Advisor management fees	1,654,455
Trading Advisor incentive fees	46,581,131
Brokerage commissions and other fees	401,015
Audit & Tax fees	226,122
Administration fees	174,808
Depositary fees	88,710
Other professional fees	52,299
Total	68,770,359

5. Taxation

At the present time, no income, profit or capital gains taxes are levied in Bermuda and, accordingly, no provision for such taxes has been recorded by the Fund. The Fund has received from the Minister of Finance of Bermuda under the Exempted Undertakings Tax Protection Act 1966 an assurance that, in the event of there being enacted in Bermuda any legislation imposing tax computed on profits or income, or computed on any capital assets, gain or appreciation or any tax in the nature of estate duty or inheritance tax, the Company shall be exempt from all such taxes until March 31, 2035.

As an exempted mutual fund Company, the Fund is liable to pay in Bermuda an annual government registration fee, at a current rate of \$5,190 per annum, based upon the Fund's authorized share capital

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2014

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

6. Share Capital

Shares

Authorized and issued:

100 Founder Shares of US\$0.01 each, having been issued for the purposes of incorporation.

Authorized and unissued:

100,000,000 redeemable shares of US\$0.001 par value, which are available for issue in classes, each with a designated currency of issue.

Twenty one Share Classes were authorized as at December 31, 2014: a USD Share Class A, a USD Share Class B, a USD Share Class C, a USD Share Class D, a USD Share Class E, a Euro Hedged Share Class A, a Euro Hedged Share Class B, a Euro Hedged Share Class D, a GBP Hedged Share Class A, a GBP Hedged Share Class B, a GBP Hedged Share Class C, a GBP Hedged Share Class D, a JPY Hedged Share Class B, a JPY Hedged Share Class B, a JPY Hedged Share Class C, a GBP Hedged Share Class C, a GBP Hedged Share Class C, a GBP Hedged Share Class C, a JPY Hedged Share Class D, a CHF Hedged Share Class C, a CHF Hedged Share Class C, a CHF Hedged Share Class D.

As at December 31, 2014, shares have been issued in sixteen share classes, namely the USD Share Class A, USD Share Class B, USD Share Class C, USD Share Class D, USD Share Class E, Euro Hedged Share Class A, Euro Hedged Share Class B, Euro Hedged Share Class C, GBP Hedged Share Class A, GBP Hedged Share Class B, GBP Hedged Share Class C, CHF Hedged Share Class B, CHF Hedged Share Class C, JPY Hedged Share Class B and the JPY Hedged Share Class D.

Each Share is entitled to a vote.

Redeemable shares are offered on each business day. Applications are subject to a sales charge of up to 3% (payable to the Fund and/or its placement agents). Fractional shares may be issued.

Applications and redemptions received by 5.00 pm Irish time (12.00 pm EST or 6.00 pm CET) are processed the following business day. The right to redeem will be temporarily suspended during any year when the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended.

Income, expenses, realized and unrealized gains are allocated between Classes based on their relative net assets (with the exception of Class specific income and expenses, in particular the gains or losses arising on the Euro Hedged Share Class A, Euro Hedged Share Class B, Euro Hedged Share Class C, GBP Hedged Share Class A, GBP Hedged Share Class B, GBP Hedged Share Class C, CHF Hedged Share Class A, CHF Hedged Share Class B, CHF Hedged Share Class C, JPY Hedged Share Class B and the JPY Hedged Share Class D currency hedging transactions).

6. Share Capital (continued)

o. Share Capital (continued)		Share		
USD Share Class A	Share No.	Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	7,960,921	7,961	1,752,942,952	1,752,950,913
Shares issued	315,762	316	75,645,691	75,646,007
Shares redeemed	(3,378,818)	(3,379)	(788,868,452)	(788,871,831)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	4,841,511	4,841,511
Balance at December 31, 2014 Shares to redeem (January 2,	4,897,865	4,898	1,044,561,702	1,044,566,600
2015)	(38,335)	(38)	(11,771,962)	(11,772,000)
Balance at December 31, 2014	4,859,530	4,860	1,032,789,740	1,032,794,600
(in accordance with ASC Subtopic 480-10)				
		Share		
USD Share Class B	Share No.	Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	2,911,474	2,912	482,784,499	482,787,411
Shares issued	313,650	314	44,113,912	44,114,226
Shares redeemed	(1,288,050)	(1,288)	(172,984,947)	(172,986,235)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	2,095,490	2,095,490
Balance at December 31, 2014	1,937,074	1,938	356,008,954	356,010,892
Shares to redeem (January 2, 2015)	(14,737)	(15)	(2,674,985)	(2,675,000)
Balance at December 31, 2014	1,922,337	1,923	353,333,969	353,335,892
(in accordance with ASC Subtopic 480-10)	, ,		, ,	, ,
USD Share Class C	Share No.	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	323,466	324	40,469,976	40,470,300
Shares issued	285	-	23,327	23,327
Shares redeemed	(150,028)	(150)	(12,457,397)	(12,457,547)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	13,383	13,383
Balance at December 31, 2014	173,723	174	28,049,289	28,049,463
USD Share Class D	Share No.	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	_	_	_	_
Shares issued	9,084	9	1,059,179	1,059,188
Shares redeemed	(4,109)	(4)	(534,996)	(535,000)
2 65 1 66 66.1166	(1,100)	() /	(331,330)	(333,000)

5

524,183

524,188

Balance at December 31, 2014 4,975

6. Share Capital (continued)

USD Share Class E	Share No.	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	-	-	-	-
Shares issued	15,125	15	1,711,995	1,712,010
Shares redeemed	(4,530)	(5)	(587,882)	(587,887)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	13,636	13,636
Balance at December 31, 2014	10,595	10	1,137,749	1,137,759
		Share		
Euro Hedged Share Class A	Share No.	Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	339,219	339	36,068,726	36,069,065
Shares issued	42,878	43	9,949,886	9,949,929
Shares redeemed	(190,032)	(190)	(41,974,652)	(41,974,842)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	276,487	276,487
Balance at December 31, 2014	192,065	192	4,320,447	4,320,639
		Share		
Euro Hedged Share Class B	Share No.	Capital	Share Premium	Total
zaro neagea share elass z	5.14.6.110.	cupitu.	onare rremium	
Balance at December 31, 2013	250,008	250	35,660,894	35,661,144
Shares issued	185,159	185	22,719,918	22,720,103
Shares redeemed	(5,069)	(5)	(637,352)	(637,357)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	676,392	676,392
Balance at December 31, 2014	430,098	430	58,419,852	58,420,282
		Share	•	
Euro Hedged Share Class C	Share No.	Capita		Total
Balance at December 31, 2013 Shares issued	128,034	128	8 25,798,231	25,798,359
Shares redeemed	(125,414)	(125	(15,016,978)	(15,017,103)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	(.23	- 3,580	3,580
Balance at December 31, 2014	2,620	3	3 10,784,833	10,784,836
				_
CPD Hadaad Shara Class A	Shara No	Share		Total
GBP Hedged Share Class A	Share No.	Capita	I Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	1,106,397	1,10	7 181,359,422	181,360,529
Shares issued	396,001	396		60,029,244
Shares redeemed	(260,511)	(261	, ,	(39,267,299)
Depreciation deposits applied	· , , , -	,	- 2,435,074	2,435,074
Balance at December 31, 2014	1,241,887	1,242	2 204,556,306	204,557,548
Datatice at December 31, 2017	1,2 11,007	±,4-74		_0 1,337,370

6. Share Capital (continued)

GBP Hedged Share Class B	Share No.	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
-		•		
Balance at December 31, 2013	54,143	54	19,145,336	19,145,390
Shares issued	2,109	(2.0)	516,436	516,438
Shares redeemed	(38,137)	(38)	(9,542,358)	(9,542,396)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	45,754	45,754
Balance at December 31, 2014	18,115	18	10,165,168	10,165,186
		Share		
GBP Hedged Share Class C	Share No.	Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013 Shares issued	49,396	49	8,466,958	8,467,007
Shares redeemed	(21,931)	(22)	(2,855,023)	(2,855,045)
Depreciation deposits applied	(21,331)	-	13	13
Palara - 1 Paranta - 21 2014				
Balance at December 31, 2014	27,465	27	5,611,948	5,611,975
		Share		
CHF Hedged Share Class A	Share No.	Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013 Shares issued	7,582	7	1,276,998	1,277,005
Shares redeemed	(7,446)	(7)	(662,159)	(662,166)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	· · ·	71	71
Balance at December 31, 2014	136	_	614,910	614,910
		Share		
CHF Hedged Share Class B	Share No.	Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	154,012	153	21,263,406	21,263,559
Shares issued	1,293	1	154,976	154,977
Shares redeemed	(141,962)	(142)	(14,096,122)	(14,096,264)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	1,051	1,051
Balance at December 31, 2014	13,343	12	7,323,311	7,323,323
		Share		
CHF Hedged Share Class C	Share No.	Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	39,825	40	6,965,774	6,965,814
Shares issued Shares redeemed	- (16 221)	(16)	- (1,396,330)	(1 206 246)
Depreciation deposits applied	(16,231)	(16)	(1,396,330)	(1,396,346) 59
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	39	29
Balance at December 31, 2014	23,594	24	5,569,503	5,569,527

6. Share Capital (continued)

JPY Hedged Share Class B	Share No.	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	527,728	527	80,661,534	80,662,061
Shares issued	114,720	115	9,279,462	9,279,577
Shares redeemed	(202,576)	(203)	(15,770,959)	(15,771,162)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	388,755	388,755
Balance at December 31, 2014	439,872	439	74,558,792	74,559,231
		Share		
JPY Hedged Share Class D	Share No.	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
JPY Hedged Share Class D Balance at December 31, 2013	Share No. 1,766,629		Share Premium 245,056,020	Total 245,057,786
-		Capital		
Balance at December 31, 2013	1,766,629	Capital 1,766	245,056,020	245,057,786
Balance at December 31, 2013 Shares issued	1,766,629 27,211	1,766 27	245,056,020 2,301,846	245,057,786 2,301,873

As at December 31, 2014, 4.42% of the USD Share Class A Shares were held by the ACL Global Fund, 100% of the USD Share Class D Shares were held by Abbey Global LP, 25.53% of the USD Share Class A Shares were held by the Abbey Capital Multi-Manager Fund Limited, 24.05% of the USD Share Class B Shares were held by the Abbey Capital Multi-Manager Fund Limited, 0.06% of the USD Share Class A Shares were held by the Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund, 0.03% of the USD Share Class B Shares were held by the Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund and 100% of the USD Share Class E Shares were held by the Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund.

The Abbey Capital ACL Alternative Fund held the following holdings in the Fund as at December 31, 2014; 2.40% of the USD Share Class A, 2.32% of the USD Share Class B, 10.44% of the Euro Hedged Share Class A, 1.38% of the GBP Hedged Share Class A, 8.08% of the GBP Hedged Share Class B, 4.01% of the GBP Hedged Share Class C, 100% of CHF Hedged Share Class A and 46.81% of the CHF Hedged Share Class B.

7. Financial instruments

Asset allocation is determined by the Investment Manager who manages the distribution of assets to achieve the investment objectives. Divergence from target asset allocations and the composition of the portfolio is monitored by the Investment Manager. In instances where the portfolio has diverged from target asset allocations, the Investment Manager will rebalance to fall in line with the target asset allocations.

The Investment Manager has developed a tiered investment risk management system incorporating both quantitative and qualitative risk measures to monitor and control the Fund's exposure and whether the Fund's investments are consistent with the Fund's investment objectives, policies and limits as set out in the Fund's constitutional documents and prospectus. This is achieved through the collation of information from the administrator and brokers on all trading, cash movements and subscriptions/redemptions, along with the risk limits and flags created by the Investment Committee, into the Investment Manager's proprietary risk system.

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2014

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

7. Financial instruments (continued)

The risk systems produce the required information to enable the Investment Committee to manage risk exposures, make timely and informed decisions, and enable the Risk Management unit to monitor the performance of the Fund. A range of daily reports are produced and these are monitored on a daily basis.

The Red Flag system is a tiered warning system in which colour coded flags are raised when a variety of metrics (described below) move within 75%, 90%, or 100% of previous highs/lows or pre-set levels.

Margin & FX Exposure limits are monitored daily and the general rule is that the relationship with a Trading Advisor would be terminated immediately if these limits were breached. Margin & FX Exposure Limits for each Trading Advisor are outlined in the relevant Trading Advisor Agreement for each Trading Advisor. This system is monitored on a daily basis and the Investment Committee are immediately notified by the Risk Management unit if any of the limits outlined in the Fund's constitutional and offering documents are breached, or other limits are breached.

Drawdown (a reduction in value relative to the previous highest valuation) is monitored daily and a relationship with a Trading Advisor would be immediately terminated if their Risk-Adjusted Drawdown Limit was breached.

Volatility for the Fund and for each Trading Advisor is monitored daily. Each Trading Advisor is assigned a target volatility by the Investment Committee. All changes in Trading Advisors' target volatility are at the discretion of the Investment Committee and can be based on both quantitative and qualitative analysis.

The Fund allocated in excess of 80% of its assets currently to 22 Trading Funds. The main risks arising from the Trading Fund's financial instruments are as follows:

Market risk

Market risk represents the potential loss that can be caused by a change in the market value of the financial instruments. The Trading Funds' exposure to market risk is determined by a number of factors including interest rates, foreign currency exchange and market volatility. Investments may be made in markets located in countries which are exposed to the risks of political change or years of political uncertainty which could adversely affect the market value.

Counterparty risk

There is a risk that counterparties may not perform their obligations and that settlement of transactions may not occur. The U.S. Commodity Exchange Act, as amended (the "CEA"), requires a clearing broker to segregate all funds received from such broker's customers in respect of futures (but not forwards) transactions from such broker's proprietary funds. If any of the Trading Fund's commodity brokers were not to do so to the full extent required by law, or in the event of a substantial default by one or more of such broker's other customers, the assets of the Trading Fund might not be fully protected in the event of the bankruptcy of such broker.

Furthermore, in the event of such a bankruptcy, the Trading Funds would be limited to recovering only a pro rata share of all available funds segregated on behalf of the affected commodity broker's combined customer accounts, even though certain property specifically traceable to the Trading Funds (for example, United States Treasury bills or cash deposited by the Trading Funds with such broker) was held by such broker. Commodity broker

7. Financial instruments (continued)

Counterparty risk (continued)

bankruptcies have occurred in which customers were not able to recover from the broker's estate the full amount of their funds on deposit with such broker and owing to them.

Commodity broker bankruptcies are not insured by any governmental agency, and investors would not have the benefit of any protection such as that afforded customers of bankrupt securities broker-dealers by the U.S. Securities Investors Protection Corporation. In respect of its forward trading, the Trading Funds will be subject to the risk of the inability or refusal to perform with respect to such contracts on the part of the principals or agents with or through which the Trading Funds trade. Any failure or refusal to discharge their contractual obligations by the counterparties with which the Trading Funds deal on the forward markets, whether due to insolvency, bankruptcy or other causes, could subject the Fund to substantial losses.

The below table shows the short term credit rating of the Fund's counterparties as at December 31, 2014:

Counterparty	S&P	Moody	Fitch
Deposits			
Swedbank AB	A-1	P-1	F1
Bank of Tokyo - Mitsubishi UFJ Ltd	A-1	P-1	NA
DNB Bank ASA	A-1	P-1	NA
National Bank of Canada	A-1	P-1	NA
Mizuho Bank, Ltd	A-1	P-1	NA
Standard Chartered Bank	A-1	NA	F1
Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken	A-1	P-1	F1
ABN Amro Nederland NV	A-1	P-1	F1
Bank of Montreal	A-1	P-1	F1
Rabobank	A-1	P-1	F1
UBS A.G.	A-1	P-1	F1
HSBC Holdings PLC	A-1	P-1	F1
Brokers			
Credit Suisse Securities (Europe) Limited	A-1	NA	NA
Deutsche Bank	A-1	P-2	F1
JPMorgan Securities Limited	A-1	P-2	F1
Societe Generale (Newedge)	A-1	P-1	F1
Bank of America N.A.	A-2	P-2	F1
UBS A.G.	A-1	P-1	F1
Custodian			
Bank of New York Mellon	A-1	P-1	F1

The Trading Funds will not be excused from performance under any forward contracts into which it has entered due to defaults under other forward contracts which in the Investment

7. Financial instruments (continued)

Counterparty risk (continued)

Manager's strategy were to have substantially "covered" the former. The Trading Funds deal in the forward markets only with major financial institution counterparties which the Investment Manager considers to be creditworthy. However, defaults have occurred in the forward markets, and the risk of such defaults cannot be eliminated from the Trading Funds' trading markets, whether due to insolvency, bankruptcy or other causes, could subject the Fund to substantial losses.

The Company, on behalf of the Trading Funds, enters into forward contracts with counterparties. Forward contracts are traded in unregulated markets between principals, and consequently the Trading Funds assume a credit risk on these contracts.

Off balance sheet risk/derivative risk

An off balance sheet market risk exists when the maximum potential loss on a particular investment is greater than the value of such investment, as reflected on the Trading Funds' Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

Off balance sheet risk exists, among other situations, when the collateral received by the Trading Funds from counterparties to an agreement with the Company on behalf of the Trading Funds proves to be insufficient to cover the Trading Funds' losses resulting from default by the counterparties of its obligation to perform under the agreement. Futures contracts and forward contracts expose the Trading Funds to a market risk equal to the value of the contracts purchased.

As at December 31, 2014, the volume of the Fund's derivative activities based on their notional amounts and number of contracts are as follows:

	Long exposu	re	Short expos	ure
Primary underlying risk	Notional amount US\$'000	No. of contracts	Notional amount US\$'000	No. of contracts
Foreign exchange p	rice			
Forward contracts	1,577,772	194	1,934,278	194
Futures contracts	783,866	1,886	762,749	13,481
Option contracts	-	1,500	-	-
Commodity price Futures contracts Options contracts	604,788	15,908 1,000	1,494,119 -	34,633
Bond price				
Futures contracts	5,936,091	38,300	-	-
Options contracts	-	4,000	-	-
Interest rate price Futures contracts	1,619,437	70,553	194,472	8,974
Equity price				
Futures contracts Options contracts	987,385 -	16,965 750	81,163 -	1,498 -

7. Financial instruments (continued)

Off balance sheet risk/derivative risk (continued)

The Fund's exposure to option contracts is stated based on a 0.5 Delta. The actual position will vary over time and a stated position may overestimate or underestimate the true Delta. For this reason, only the number of option contracts held has been provided.

The fair value of derivative contracts at December 31, 2014, categorized by primary underlying risk and the impact on the statement of changes for the year ended December 31, 2014. is as follows:

Primary underlying risk	Asset Derivatives Fair Value	Liability Derivatives Fair Value	Realized Gain / (Loss)	Change in Unrealized Gain / (Loss)
1131	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Foreign exchange price	03\$	03\$	03\$	03\$
Futures contracts	68,827,557	(59,261,577)	120,137,079	(5,906,134)
Forward contracts	18,179,142	(6,215,074)	93,451,896	2,574,281
	9,080,000	(1,023,750)	(7,000,144)	5,885,637
Option contracts	9,000,000	(1,023,730)	(7,000,144)	3,003,037
Commodity price				
Futures contracts	116,490,102	(26,836,412)	164,638,570	74,648,576
Options contracts	1,597,500	(262,500)	(1,695,278)	(434,054)
•				
Bond price				
Futures contracts	47,400,878	(448,446)	200,671,534	51,895,657
Options contracts	5,770,044	(1,161,569)	(8,099,900)	4,599,418
Interest rate price				
Futures contracts	14,302,299	(1,704,000)	22,102,075	12,224,439
Option Contracts	-	-	(7,602)	(723,214)
Equity price				
Futures contracts	14,686,422	(5,396,026)	(56,792,315)	(60,247,199)
Options contracts	2,953,199	(3,022,024)	4,212,209	(68,825)
<u>-</u>				
Total _	299,287,143	(105,331,378)	531,618,124	84,448,582

Leverage

The Fund enters into derivative contracts on the basis of initial margin deposits or premiums which are equal to a small percentage of the full market value of those contracts. Therefore, the notional values of the contracts traded by the Fund significantly exceed the margin or premium paid for those contracts by the Fund and, as a result of investing in such margin-traded instruments, leverage is inherent to the Fund's investment strategy.

Under AIFMD, the Investment Manager is required to express the level which the Fund's leverage will not exceed, as a ratio between the Fund's total exposure and its Net Asset Value. AIFMD prescribes two methodologies for calculating overall exposure of a fund: the "gross methodology" and the "commitment methodology". These methodologies are briefly summarised below but are set out in full detail in AIFMD.

The commitment methodology takes account of the hedging and netting arrangements employed by a fund at any given time (purchased and sold derivative positions will be netted where both relate strictly to the same underlying asset). By contrast, the gross methodology does not take account of the netting or hedging arrangements employed by a fund.

7. Financial instruments (continued)

Leverage (continued)

Based on the methodologies for calculating global exposure outlined above, the Fund's maximum expected level of leverage is 250 times the Net Asset Value of the Fund using the Gross method. The Fund's maximum expected level of leverage is 150 times the Net Asset Value of the Fund using the Commitment method.

The diversification and risk adjustment of the components within the Fund are designed to create a diversified balance of risk within the portfolio across a number of dimensions. One of those dimensions is market sector – equities, long-term interest rates, short-term interest rates, foreign exchange and commodities. The balance of risk is managed by reference to volatility measurements and the relationship of volatility to leverage on a Gross or Commitment basis is a complex one.

For instance, one of the market sectors is short term interest rate futures. These have short duration, typically 3 months, which makes them significantly less sensitive to interest rate changes than longer term interest futures, ranging from 2 years to in excess of 30 years. In order to ensure that the Investment Strategy remains diversified and balanced, and that the short term interest rate positions have the possibility of making a meaningful contribution to performance, the notional amounts of the short term interest rate futures will be significantly larger on average, both relative to the notionals of any longer term interest rate positions, and in absolute terms. Therefore, the high leverage of the Fund on a Gross and Commitment basis is a function of the use of short term interest rate futures within the portfolio. When disregarding short term interest rate positions, or in circumstances where they do not form part of the Fund's portfolio, the maximum level of leverage is expected to be less than 70 times the Net Asset Value of the Fund using the Gross method and 18 times the Net Asset Value of the Fund using the Commitment method.

The Investment Strategy's approach is to construct the Fund's portfolio in a diversified manner. The Investment Manager assesses exposure within the Fund by using a variety of measures including margin-to-equity. The Fund has a maximum margin-to-equity limit of 40%.

The risk utilisation in the programme changes dynamically over time depending on what positions are taken by the Trading Advisors. The Investment Strategy adopts the principle of risk spreading through diversification because holding positions in a wide-range of markets reduces concentration risk and has been shown, over time, to decrease portfolio volatility versus a single contract strategy.

Operational risk

The Risk Management Framework includes a Policy and procedures that are designed to ensure that all operational risks relating to the Investment Manager can be identified, monitored and managed at all times. The Investment Manager's Risk Management Policy provides for a process whereby risks throughout the company are identified, measured, assessed and monitored. The Investment Manager uses an internal risk assessment process as a framework for defining operational risk. As part of this process, a Risk Assessment document reviews both internal and external risks to the business. This document identifies factors that could cause risk, including operational risk, measures to reduce risk and any required solutions. This document is produced following the completion of the Annual Risk Inventory and the Annual Compliance Risk Inventory, which assess the risks to the units of Investment Manager and to the Funds that it manages and which are completed by senior management in consultation with the Risk Management unit. The Risk Assessment document is reviewed and approved annually by the Board of Directors of the Investment Manager in

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2014

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

7. Financial instruments (continued)

Operational risk (continued)

order to determine the qualitative and quantitative mitigating factors against all identified risk and to assign the appropriate capital against potential liability risk.

Futures and options risk

The Investment Manager may engage in various portfolio strategies on behalf of the Trading Funds through the use of futures and options. Due to the nature of futures, cash to meet margin monies will be held by a broker in segregated accounts with whom the Trading Funds have an open position. In the event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the futures exchange, or large losses sustained in the broker's segregated accounts, there can be no guarantee that such monies will be returned to the Trading Funds. On execution of an option a Trading Fund may pay a premium to a counterparty.

In the event of the insolvency or bankruptcy of the counterparty, the option premium may be lost in addition to any unrealized gains where the contract is in the money. The risks inherent in the use of the above instruments include adverse changes in the value of such instruments, imperfect correlation between the price of the instruments and movements in the price of the underlying security, index or futures contract and the possible absence of a liquid secondary market for any particular instrument at any time.

Liquidity and valuation of investments

In order to ensure that cash is available for the Fund to meet redemption requests, the Investment Manager has established and maintains risk management policies and systems which are designed to ensure that (i) the Fund maintains a level of liquidity appropriate to its underlying obligations; (ii) the Investment Manager monitors the liquidity profile of the Fund's portfolio of assets; (iii) the Investment Manager implements and maintains appropriate liquidity management systems, to assess the quantitative and qualitative risks of positions and of intended investments; (iv) the Investment Manager conducts periodic stress tests, under both normal and exceptional liquidity conditions, to assess and monitor the liquidity risk of the Fund. Therefore, the Investment Manager's risk management policies and systems are designed to ensure that the liquidity risk of the Fund is monitored and managed and that the liquidity profile of the investments of the Fund complies with the Fund's liquidity obligations.

The Trading Funds may invest in securities or derivatives which are unlisted or for which there is no active market. For example, a Trading Fund may invest in derivatives with direct or indirect exposure to emerging markets and such investments may be subject to increased political risk or adverse currency movements compared to securities traded in more developed markets. In addition, a Trading Fund may acquire investments which are only traded over-the-counter. Accurately valuing and realizing such investments, or closing out positions in such investments at appropriate prices, may not always be possible.

Foreign currency risk

The Net Asset Value per Share will be computed in the Functional Currency, whereas the investments of Trading Funds, to which the Fund allocates its assets, may be acquired in a wide range of currencies, some of which may be affected by currency movements of a more volatile nature than those of developed countries and some of which may not be freely convertible.

7. Financial instruments (continued)

Foreign currency risk (continued)

It may not be possible or practicable to hedge against the consequent currency risk exposure and in certain instances the Investment Manager may consider it desirable not to hedge against such risk. The Investment Manager may enter into cross currency hedging transactions. As at December 31, 2014 \$1,786,245 of cash was held in foreign currency with the Custodian / Broker.

ASC 815-10, "Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" amends and expands the disclosure requirements of ASC 815 with the intent to provide users of financial statements with an enhanced understanding of how and why an entity uses derivative instruments. The fair value of open derivative instruments held by the Fund as at December 31, 2014 is disclosed on the face of the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

As noted in Note 4, the Fund may enter into foreign exchange hedging transactions in the EURO, GBP, CHF and JPY Hedged Share Classes. As a result, the Fund has recognized realized and unrealized gains/losses on foreign exchange derivatives (comprising futures and forward foreign exchange contracts) during the year. The total realized loss on foreign exchange derivatives amounted to \$31,333,506 is included in the Statement of Operations within the balance "Net realized gain on investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency". The total unrealized loss on foreign exchange derivatives amounting to US \$5,002,281 is included in the Statement of Operations within the balance "Net unrealized gain on investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency". These amounts contribute to off-setting the gains and losses arising on the conversion of ACL Alternative Fund net assets to local currency for the EURO, GBP, CHF and JPY Hedged Share Classes.

As at December 31, 2014, the Fund had the following open futures positions for share class hedging purposes:

	No. of contracts	Contract size	Notional Value	Unrealized (loss) in US\$
GBP FX Future Mar 15	2,402	62,500	233,744,625	(1,801,500)
EURO FX Future Mar 15	738	125,000	111,687,075	(2,598,600)
JPY FX Future Mar 15	837	12,500,000	87,351,413	(507,431)
CHF FX Future Mar 15	31	125,000	3,903,675	(94,750)
Net unrealized loss			_	(5,002,281)

8. Offsetting assets and liabilities

The Fund is required to disclose the impact of offsetting assets and liabilities represented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the effect or potential effect of netting arrangements on its financial position for recognized assets and liabilities. These recognized assets and liabilities are financial instruments and derivative instruments that are either subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement or meet the following right of setoff criteria: the amounts owed by the Fund to another party are determinable, the Fund has the right to set off the amounts owed with the amounts owed by the other party, the Fund intends to set off, and the Fund's right of setoff is enforceable at law.

As of December 31, 2014, the Master Fund holds financial instruments and derivative instruments that are eligible for offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and Statement of Operations and are subject to a master netting arrangement. The master

8. Offsetting assets and liabilities (continued)

netting arrangement allows the counterparty to net any collateral held on behalf of the Fund or liabilities or payment obligations of the counterparty against any liabilities or payment obligations of the Fund to the counterparty.

The following table provides disclosure regarding the potential effect of offsetting of recognized assets presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities:

	Gross Amount of Recognized Assets	Gross Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Net Amount Recognized A Presented ir Statement of As Liabilitie	Assets In the Sets and
	US\$	US\$	US\$	
Derivative and foreign exchange contracts	299,287,143	-	299,287,1	43
Total	299,287,143	-	299,287,1	43
	Net Amounts of Assets presented in	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities		
	the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral pledged	Net Amount
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Bank of America N.A.	8,793,630	(3,591,250)	-	5,202,380
Credit Suisse Securities (Europe) Limited	56,669,065	(13,314,862)	-	43,354,203
Deutsche Bank	51,225,908	(51,225,908)	-	-
JP Morgan Securities Limited	141,762,332	(19,464,257)	-	122,298,075
Societe Generale	33,550,507	(15,607,269)	-	17,943,238
UBS A.G.	7,285,701	(443,174)	-	6,842,527
Total	299,287,143	(103,646,720)	-	195,640,423

The following table provides disclosure regarding the potential effect of offsetting of recognized liabilities presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities:

	Gross Amount of Recognized Liabilities	Gross Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Net Amounts of Recognized Liabilities Presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities
	US\$	US\$	US\$
Derivative and foreign exchange contracts	105,331,378	-	105,331,378
Total	105,331,378	-	105,331,378

8. Offsetting assets and liabilities (continued)

	Net Amounts of Liabilities		Not Offset in the ets and Liabilities		
	presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral received	Net Amount	
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	
Bank of America N.A.	3,591,250	(3,591,250)	-	-	
Credit Suisse Securities (Europe) Limited	13,314,862	(13,314,862)	-	-	
Deutsche Bank AG	52,910,565	(51,225,908)	-	1,684,658	
JP Morgan Securities Limited	19,464,257	(19,464,257)	-	-	
Societe Generale	15,607,269	(15,607,269)	=	=	
UBS A.G.	443,174	(443,174)	-	-	
Total	105,331,378	(103,646,720)	-	1,684,658	

9. Gains and losses from financial instruments

The following table details the gains and losses from financial assets and liabilities:

	December 31, 2014 US\$
Realized gains on Investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency	2,604,513,546
Net change in unrealized gains on investments in derivatives and foreign currency	151,828,008
Total gains on realized and change in unrealized on investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency	2,756,341,554
Realized losses on Investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency	(2,072,895,422)
Net change in unrealized losses on investments in derivatives and foreign currency	(67,379,426)
Total losses on realized and change in unrealized on investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency	(2,140,274,848)

Gains and losses presented above exclude interest income and interest expense.

10. Related party disclosures

The Director fees are not paid directly by the Fund, but are distributed and paid by each of the Trading Funds based on the Fund holdings at month end. All other related party transactions have been fully disclosed in the financial statements, including investments in affiliated funds. None of the Directors hold any investments in the Fund or Trading Funds.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

11. Brokerage commissions

Brokerage commissions of \$21,610,671 were paid by the Fund and the Trading Funds to which it allocates it assets for the year from January 1 to December 31, 2014. This amount was consolidated within the realized and unrealized gain or loss on investments in derivative contracts and foreign exchange.

12. Commitments and contingencies

In accordance with the FASB subtopic ASC 460-10, the Fund is required to disclose information about commitments and contingencies. In the normal course of business the Fund and Trading Funds of the Company enter into contracts that contain a variety of warranties and indemnifications.

The Fund's and the Trading Funds' maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Fund and Trading Funds that have not yet occurred. However, based on experience, the Fund and the respective Trading Funds expect the risk of loss to be remote.

13. Accounting for uncertainty in income taxes

Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 740-10 "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an interpretation of ASC 740" clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in the Fund's financial statements in conformity with ASC 740 "Accounting for Income Taxes". ASC 740-10 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position or expected position to be taken on a tax return. Given the Company's domicile, the investment objective of the Fund and the trading strategies and instruments traded by the Trading Funds, the Directors of the Fund have determined there are no uncertain tax positions. In addition, neither the Company nor the Fund is subject to any tax examinations by the tax authorities in their country of domicile or taxing authorities in other jurisdictions.

14. Historic Net Asset Values per share (NAV) and Funds under Management (FUM)

Share Class		Dec 31, 2012	Dec 31, 2013	Dec 31, 2014
USD Share Class A	NAV	\$235.31	\$233.39	\$307.08
USD Share Class B	NAV	\$140.03	\$138.55	\$181.52
USD Share Class C	NAV	\$86.78	\$85.00	\$110.68
USD Share Class D	NAV	-	-	\$138.71
USD Share Class E	NAV	-	-	\$134.33
Euro Hedged Share Class A	NAV	EUR167.89	EUR166.98	EUR219.45
Euro Hedged Share Class B	NAV	EUR95.38	EUR94.62	EUR123.83
Euro Hedged Share Class C	NAV	EUR93.30	EUR91.64	EUR119.22
GBP Hedged Share Class A	NAV	£92.14	£91.74	£121.05
GBP Hedged Share Class B	NAV	£152.32	£151.29	£198.80
GBP Hedged Share Class C	NAV	£81.68	£80.31	£104.96
CHF Hedged Share Class A	NAV	CHF84.35	CHF83.90	CHF109.84
CHF Hedged Share Class B	NAV	CHF93.46	CHF92.73	CHF121.00
CHF Hedged Share Class C	NAV	CHF80.91	CHF79.47	CHF103.16
JPY Hedged Share Class B	NAV	¥8,465	¥8,403	¥10,999
JPY Hedged Share Class D	NAV	¥8,896	¥8,787	¥11,487
Share Class		Dec 31, 2012	Dec 31, 2013	Dec 31, 2014
Share Class USD Share Class A	FUM	Dec 31, 2012 \$2,190,516,148	Dec 31, 2013 \$1,858,034,297	Dec 31, 2014 \$1,492,269,226
	FUM FUM	-	-	·
USD Share Class A		\$2,190,516,148	\$1,858,034,297	\$1,492,269,226
USD Share Class A USD Share Class B	FUM	\$2,190,516,148 \$642,753,730	\$1,858,034,297 \$403,378,846	\$1,492,269,226 \$348,946,087
USD Share Class A USD Share Class B USD Share Class C	FUM FUM	\$2,190,516,148 \$642,753,730	\$1,858,034,297 \$403,378,846	\$1,492,269,226 \$348,946,087 \$19,227,228
USD Share Class A USD Share Class B USD Share Class C USD Share Class D	FUM FUM FUM	\$2,190,516,148 \$642,753,730	\$1,858,034,297 \$403,378,846	\$1,492,269,226 \$348,946,087 \$19,227,228 \$689,962
USD Share Class A USD Share Class B USD Share Class C USD Share Class D USD Share Class E	FUM FUM FUM FUM	\$2,190,516,148 \$642,753,730 \$58,716,570	\$1,858,034,297 \$403,378,846 \$27,495,682	\$1,492,269,226 \$348,946,087 \$19,227,228 \$689,962 \$1,423,306
USD Share Class A USD Share Class B USD Share Class C USD Share Class D USD Share Class E Euro Hedged Share Class A	FUM FUM FUM FUM FUM	\$2,190,516,148 \$642,753,730 \$58,716,570 - - \$53,861,997	\$1,858,034,297 \$403,378,846 \$27,495,682 - - \$77,877,249	\$1,492,269,226 \$348,946,087 \$19,227,228 \$689,962 \$1,423,306 \$51,005,229 \$64,452,701 \$377,909
USD Share Class A USD Share Class B USD Share Class C USD Share Class D USD Share Class E Euro Hedged Share Class A Euro Hedged Share Class B	FUM FUM FUM FUM FUM FUM	\$2,190,516,148 \$642,753,730 \$58,716,570 - - \$53,861,997 \$43,074,197	\$1,858,034,297 \$403,378,846 \$27,495,682 - - \$77,877,249 \$32,524,197	\$1,492,269,226 \$348,946,087 \$19,227,228 \$689,962 \$1,423,306 \$51,005,229 \$64,452,701
USD Share Class A USD Share Class B USD Share Class C USD Share Class D USD Share Class E Euro Hedged Share Class A Euro Hedged Share Class B Euro Hedged Share Class C	FUM FUM FUM FUM FUM FUM FUM FUM	\$2,190,516,148 \$642,753,730 \$58,716,570 - - \$53,861,997 \$43,074,197 \$32,885,935	\$1,858,034,297 \$403,378,846 \$27,495,682 \$77,877,249 \$32,524,197 \$16,130,380	\$1,492,269,226 \$348,946,087 \$19,227,228 \$689,962 \$1,423,306 \$51,005,229 \$64,452,701 \$377,909
USD Share Class A USD Share Class B USD Share Class C USD Share Class D USD Share Class E Euro Hedged Share Class A Euro Hedged Share Class B Euro Hedged Share Class C GBP Hedged Share Class A GBP Hedged Share Class B	FUM FUM FUM FUM FUM FUM FUM FUM FUM	\$2,190,516,148 \$642,753,730 \$58,716,570 - - \$53,861,997 \$43,074,197 \$32,885,935 \$75,727,005	\$1,858,034,297 \$403,378,846 \$27,495,682 \$77,877,249 \$32,524,197 \$16,130,380 \$168,095,700 \$13,565,275 \$6,569,708	\$1,492,269,226 \$348,946,087 \$19,227,228 \$689,962 \$1,423,306 \$51,005,229 \$64,452,701 \$377,909 \$234,328,107 \$5,613,333 \$4,493,751
USD Share Class A USD Share Class B USD Share Class C USD Share Class D USD Share Class E Euro Hedged Share Class A Euro Hedged Share Class B Euro Hedged Share Class C GBP Hedged Share Class A GBP Hedged Share Class B GBP Hedged Share Class B CHF Hedged Share Class C	FUM FUM FUM FUM FUM FUM FUM FUM FUM	\$2,190,516,148 \$642,753,730 \$58,716,570 - - \$53,861,997 \$43,074,197 \$32,885,935 \$75,727,005 \$77,624,551	\$1,858,034,297 \$403,378,846 \$27,495,682 \$77,877,249 \$32,524,197 \$16,130,380 \$168,095,700 \$13,565,275 \$6,569,708 \$712,583	\$1,492,269,226 \$348,946,087 \$19,227,228 \$689,962 \$1,423,306 \$51,005,229 \$64,452,701 \$377,909 \$234,328,107 \$5,613,333 \$4,493,751 \$15,091
USD Share Class A USD Share Class B USD Share Class C USD Share Class D USD Share Class E Euro Hedged Share Class A Euro Hedged Share Class B Euro Hedged Share Class C GBP Hedged Share Class A GBP Hedged Share Class B GBP Hedged Share Class B CHF Hedged Share Class A CHF Hedged Share Class A	FUM	\$2,190,516,148 \$642,753,730 \$58,716,570 - - \$53,861,997 \$43,074,197 \$32,885,935 \$75,727,005 \$77,624,551 \$8,422,333 \$762,647 \$33,654,866	\$1,858,034,297 \$403,378,846 \$27,495,682 \$77,877,249 \$32,524,197 \$16,130,380 \$168,095,700 \$13,565,275 \$6,569,708 \$712,583 \$15,996,940	\$1,492,269,226 \$348,946,087 \$19,227,228 \$689,962 \$1,423,306 \$51,005,229 \$64,452,701 \$377,909 \$234,328,107 \$5,613,333 \$4,493,751 \$15,091 \$1,624,484
USD Share Class A USD Share Class B USD Share Class C USD Share Class D USD Share Class E Euro Hedged Share Class A Euro Hedged Share Class B Euro Hedged Share Class C GBP Hedged Share Class A GBP Hedged Share Class B GBP Hedged Share Class C CHF Hedged Share Class C CHF Hedged Share Class A CHF Hedged Share Class B CHF Hedged Share Class B	FUM	\$2,190,516,148 \$642,753,730 \$58,716,570 \$53,861,997 \$43,074,197 \$32,885,935 \$75,727,005 \$77,624,551 \$8,422,333 \$762,647 \$33,654,866 \$9,169,756	\$1,858,034,297 \$403,378,846 \$27,495,682 \$77,877,249 \$32,524,197 \$16,130,380 \$168,095,700 \$13,565,275 \$6,569,708 \$712,583 \$15,996,940 \$3,545,076	\$1,492,269,226 \$348,946,087 \$19,227,228 \$689,962 \$1,423,306 \$51,005,229 \$64,452,701 \$377,909 \$234,328,107 \$5,613,333 \$4,493,751 \$15,091 \$1,624,484 \$2,449,144
USD Share Class A USD Share Class B USD Share Class C USD Share Class D USD Share Class E Euro Hedged Share Class A Euro Hedged Share Class B Euro Hedged Share Class C GBP Hedged Share Class A GBP Hedged Share Class B GBP Hedged Share Class B CHF Hedged Share Class A CHF Hedged Share Class A	FUM	\$2,190,516,148 \$642,753,730 \$58,716,570 - - \$53,861,997 \$43,074,197 \$32,885,935 \$75,727,005 \$77,624,551 \$8,422,333 \$762,647 \$33,654,866	\$1,858,034,297 \$403,378,846 \$27,495,682 \$77,877,249 \$32,524,197 \$16,130,380 \$168,095,700 \$13,565,275 \$6,569,708 \$712,583 \$15,996,940	\$1,492,269,226 \$348,946,087 \$19,227,228 \$689,962 \$1,423,306 \$51,005,229 \$64,452,701 \$377,909 \$234,328,107 \$5,613,333 \$4,493,751 \$15,091 \$1,624,484

15. Subsequent events

Events subsequent to December 31, 2014 have been evaluated up to February 26, 2015, the date these Financial Statements were available to be issued. No material subsequent events have occurred since December 31, 2014 that would require recognition or disclosure in these Financial Statements.

16. Approval of the Financial Statements

These Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors on February 26, 2015.

A segregated account of the ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2014

Appendix

Unaudited Supplemental Disclosures to the Financial Statements

1. Remuneration Policy

It is the Investment Manager's policy to maintain an honest, fair and ethical culture that promotes effective risk management. Accordingly, the Investment Manager has established and maintains a Remuneration Policy, which applies to all the Investment Manager employees and officers, and which is designed to ensure that:

- (i) The Investment Manager remunerates its staff in a manner that is sufficient to attract and retain professional staff that have the required skills, expertise and experience to carry out their duties effectively and;
- (ii) sound and effective risk management is promoted and risk-taking, which is inconsistent with the risk profile and rules of the Investment Manager and the Funds that it manages, is not encouraged or rewarded.

The Investment Manager has formulated its Remuneration Policy with the following objectives:

- To be in line with its business strategy, objectives, values and long-term interests;
- To be consistent with, and promote, sound and effective risk management, without encouraging risk-taking that exceeds the level of tolerated risk of the Investment Manager or the funds that it manages;
- To align the personal objectives of staff with the long term interests of the Investment Manager and the funds that it manages;
- To meet the remuneration provisions of AIFMD;
- To ensure our ability to strengthen or maintain a suitable capital base (to meet operational requirements):
- To include measures to avoid conflicts of interest for control staff (risk management or compliance); and
- To be in line with our code of conduct for employees and our compliance culture.

The remuneration policy has been designed by the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and will be reviewed on an annual basis by the Board of Directors of the Investment Manager.

The Board and senior management of the Investment Manager have assessed all members of staff and have determined that the voting members of the Investment Manager's Investment Committee can exert a material influence on the risk profile, and can take decisions that materially affect risk positions, of the Investment Manager and the funds managed by the Investment Manager and so are classified by the Investment Manager as Identified Staff.

For performance related remuneration, the total amount is based on a combination of the assessment of the performance of the individual, of the business unit concerned, and of the overall results of the Investment Manager; when assessing individual performance, financial and non-financial criteria are taken into account. The performance of the Investment Manager is dependent on the performance of the funds that it manages, since the Investment Manager generates its revenue from management and incentive fees paid to it by these funds, and, therefore, the interests of all members of staff are aligned with the interests of the shareholders in the funds managed by the Investment Manager.

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Appendix (continued)

Unaudited Supplemental Disclosures to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. Fees incurred as a proportion of average Net Assets of the Fund (Refer to Note 4)

		USD Share Class A*	USD Share Class B*	USD Share Class C*	USD Share Class D*	USD Share Class E*
(i)	Investment Manager Management Fee	-0.75%	-1.00%	-2.00%	-1.50%	-1.75%
(ii)	Investment Manager Incentive Fees	-0.80%	-0.80%	-0.80%	-0.80%	-0.80%
(iii)	Trading Advisor Management Fee**	-0.85%	-0.85%	-0.85%	-0.85%	-0.85%
(iv)	Trading Advisor Incentive Fees**	-2.64%	-2.64%	-2.64%	-2.64%	-2.64%
(v)	Administration Fees	-0.09%	-0.09%	-0.09%	-0.09%	-0.09%
(vi)	Audit Fees	-0.00%	-0.00%	-0.00%	-0.00%	-0.00%
(vii)	Directors' Fees	-0.00%	-0.00%	-0.00%	-0.00%	-0.00%
(viii)	Brokerage	-0.97%	-0.97%	-0.97%	-0.97%	-0.97%
(ix)	Other Fees and Expenses	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%
(x)	Interest Income	+0.05%	+0.05%	+0.05%	+0.05%	+0.05%

^{*} Based on the average Net Assets of the Fund during 2014.

^{**} Trading Advisor management and incentive fees may range from 0% to a maximum of 2% and 0% to a maximum of 25% respectively.